HOLOGIC®



ThinPrep® Review Scope Manual+

Operator's Manual



ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ Operator's Manual





Hologic, Inc. 250 Campus Drive Marlborough, MA 01752 USA Tel: 1-800-442-9892 1-508-263-2900 Fax: 1-508-229-2795 Web: www.hologic.com

For Use With Version 1.x.y Software

The ThinPrep[®] Imaging System is a PC-based automated imaging and review system for use with ThinPrep cervical cytology sample slides. The ThinPrep Imaging System is intended to help a cytotechnologist or pathologist highlight areas of a slide for further manual review. The Product is not a replacement for manual review. Determination of slide adequacy and patient diagnosis is at the sole discretion of the cytotechnologists and pathologists trained by Hologic to evaluate ThinPrepprepared slides. If and only if it is finally determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that the Product sold to Customer hereunder was defective in design or contained a manufacturing defect and that such defect was solely responsible for an error in diagnosis that caused harm to a patient, Hologic shall indemnify Customer for the compensatory damages paid by Customer to discharge the personal injury judgment with respect to Product.

© Hologic, Inc., 2015. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language or computer language, in any form, or by any means, electronic, mechanical, magnetic, optical, chemical, manual, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of Hologic, 250 Campus Drive, Marlborough, Massachusetts, 01752, United States of America.

Although this guide has been prepared with every precaution to ensure accuracy, Hologic assumes no liability for any errors or omissions, nor for any damages resulting from the application or use of this information.

This product may be covered by one or more U.S. patents identified at http://www.hologic.com/patentinformation

Hologic, PreservCyt, and ThinPrep are registered trademarks of Hologic, Inc. in the United States and other countries. All other trademarks are the property of their respective companies.

Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment. Use of the ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ not in accordance with these instructions may void the warranty.

Document Number: AW-10318-001 Rev. 003

IVD

Instructions For Use

Instructions For Use



Operation Summary and Clinical Information



The ThinPrep® Imaging System



A. INTENDED USE

The Hologic ThinPrep[®] Imaging System (Imager) is a device that uses computer imaging technology to assist in primary cervical cancer screening of ThinPrep Pap Test slides for the presence of atypical cells, cervical neoplasia, including its precursor lesions (Low Grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesions, High Grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesions), and carcinoma as well as all other cytologic criteria as defined by 2001 Bethesda System: Terminology for Reporting Results of Cervical Cytology ¹.

B. SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION OF THE SYSTEM

The ThinPrep Imaging System is an automated imaging and review system for use with ThinPrep Pap Test slides. It combines imaging technology to identify microscopic fields of diagnostic interest with automated stage movement of a microscope in order to locate these fields. In routine use, the ThinPrep Imaging System selects 22 fields of view for a Cytotechnologist to review. Following review of these fields, the Cytotechnologist will either complete the diagnosis if no abnormalities are identified or review the entire slide if any abnormalities are identified. The ThinPrep Imaging System also allows the physical marking of locations of interest for the Cytopathologist.

C. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

The ThinPrep Imaging System consists of an Image Processor and one, or more, Review Scopes. The system makes use of computer imaging to select fields of view for presentation to a Cytotechnologist on a Review Scope. Slides used with this system must first be prepared on a ThinPrep 2000 or 3000 Processor, and stained with ThinPrep Stain.

The Imaging Processor acquires and processes image data from the slides to identify diagnostically relevant cells or cell groups based on an imaging algorithm that considers cellular features and nuclear darkness. During slide imaging, the alphanumeric slide accession identifier is recorded and the x and y coordinates of 22 fields of interest are stored in the computer database. This computer also coordinates the communication of information between the Image Processor and the Review Scopes.

After image processing, slides are distributed to Cytotechnologists for review utilizing the Review Scopes. The Review Scope is a microscope with an automated stage to facilitate the locating of the 22 fields containing the cells of interest. Additionally, the Review Scope provides a method for automated marking of objects for further review. Slides are individually loaded onto the Review Scope stage, the alphanumeric slide accession identifier is automatically scanned and the stored x and y coordinates representing fields of interest for that slide are electronically downloaded from the computer to the Review Scope. The Cytotechnologist then uses a keypad to step through each of the fields of interest (Autolocate). If the Cytotechnologist identifies any of these fields as containing abnormal objects, that field may be marked electronically. The Review Scope will guide the Cytotechnologist to conduct a review of the entire cell spot for any slide that has had fields electronically marked (Autoscan). The Cytotechnologist determines specimen adequacy and the presence of infections during the review of the 22 fields of view presented by the ThinPrep Imaging System. Either of two methods can be used to determine specimen adequacy. The first method is to count cells and determine the average number of cells in the 22 fields of view presented by the Imager. The second method is to count and determine the average number of cells in 10 fields of view across the diameter of the cell spot. Either method will enable the Cytotechnologist to determine if the minimum cells, as recommended by Bethesda System 2001 criteria, are present on the slide. At the conclusion of the slide review electronically marked objects are automatically ink marked. Any x and y coordinates representing marked locations along with a slide completion status are then electronically transmitted back to the computer for storage.

D. LIMITATIONS

- Only personnel who have been appropriately trained should operate the ThinPrep[®] Imaging System Image Processor or Review Scope.
- All slides that undergo primary automated screening with the Image Processor require manual rescreening of the selected fields of view by a Cytotechnologist using a Review Scope.
- The ThinPrep Imaging System is only indicated for use with the ThinPrep Pap Test.
- The laboratory Technical Supervisor should establish individual workload limits for personnel using the ThinPrep Imaging System. *The maximum daily limit specified is only an upper limit and should never be used as an expectation for daily productivity or as a performance target.*
- The ThinPrep Imaging System has not been proven to be safe or effective at workload levels which exceed product labeling.
- ThinPrep slides with fiducial marks must be used.
- Slides must be stained using the ThinPrep Stain according to the applicable ThinPrep Imaging System slide staining protocol.
- Slides should be clean and free of debris before being placed on the system.
- The slide coverslip should be dry and located correctly.
- Slides that are broken or poorly coverslipped should not be used.
- Slides used with the ThinPrep Imaging System must contain properly formatted accession number identification information as described in the operator's manual.
- Slides once successfully imaged on the Image Processor cannot be imaged again.
- The performance of the ThinPrep Imaging System using slides prepared from reprocessed sample vials has not been evaluated; therefore it is recommended that these slides be manually reviewed.

E. WARNINGS

- The Imager generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and may cause interference to radio communications.
- A Hologic authorized service representative must install the ThinPrep Imaging System.

F. PRECAUTIONS

- Caution should be used when loading and unloading glass slides on the ThinPrep Imaging System to prevent slide breakage and/or injury.
- Care should be taken to assure that slides are correctly oriented in the ThinPrep Imaging System cassettes to prevent rejection by the system.
- Partially processed slide cassettes should not be removed from the Image Processor, as data may be lost.
- The Image Processor should be placed on a flat, sturdy surface away from any vibrating machinery to assure proper operation.

G. PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

A multi-center, two-armed clinical study was performed over an eleven (11) month period at four (4) cytology laboratory sites within the United States. The objective of the study entitled "Multi-Center Trial Evaluating the Primary Screening Capability of the ThinPrep[®] Imaging System" was to show that routine screening of ThinPrep Pap Test slides using the ThinPrep Imaging System is equivalent to a manual review of ThinPrep slides for all categories used for cytologic diagnosis (specimen adequacy and descriptive diagnosis) as defined by the Bethesda System criteria².

The two-arm study approach allowed a comparison of the cytologic interpretation (descriptive diagnosis and specimen adequacy) from a single ThinPrep prepared slide, screened first using standard laboratory cervical cytology practices (*Manual Review*) and then after a 48 day time lag were screened with the assistance of the ThinPrep Imaging System (*Imager Review*). A subset of slides from the study were reviewed and adjudicated by a panel of three (3) independent Cytopathologists to determine a consensus diagnosis. The consensus diagnosis was used as a "gold standard" for truth to evaluate the results of the study.

G.1 LABORATORY AND PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS

Of the 10,359 subjects in the study, 9,550 met the requirements for inclusion in the descriptive diagnosis analysis. During the study, 7.1% (732/10,359) slides could not be read on the Imager and required a manual review during the *Imager Review* arm. Excessive number of air bubbles on the slides was the leading contributor. Additional factors included focus problems, slide density, slide identification read failures, slides detected out of position, multiple slides seated within a cassette slot and slides that had already been imaged. The cytology laboratories participating in the study were comprised of four centers. All sites selected had extensive experience in the processing and evaluation of gynecologic ThinPrep slides, and were trained in the use of the ThinPrep Imaging System. The study population represented diverse geographic regions and subject populations of women who would undergo cervical screening with the ThinPrep Imaging System in normal clinical use. These sites included both women being routinely screened (screening population) and patients with a recent previous cervical abnormality (referral population). The characteristics of the study sites are summarized in *Table 1*.

Site	1	2	3	4
Low Risk Population	88%	82%	90%	94%
High Risk Population	12%	18%	10%	6%
HSIL+ prevalence	1.1%	0.7%	0.4%	0.6%
ThinPrep Pap Tests Per Year	120,000	70,200	280,000	105,000
Number of Cytotechnologists	14	9	32	11
Number of Cytotechnologists in Study	2	2	2	2
Number of Cytopathologists	6	5	6	14
Number of Cytopathologists in Study	1	2	1	2

Table 1: Site Characteristics

G.2 DESCRIPTIVE DIAGNOSIS SENSITIVITY AND SPECIFICITY ESTIMATES

A panel of three independent Cytopathologists adjudicated slides from all discordant (one-grade or higher cytologic difference) descriptive diagnosis cases (639), all concordant positive cases (355) and a random 5% subset of the 8550 negative concordant cases (428). The Cytopathologists on the adjudication panel were board-certified, all of whom had a subspecialty certification in Cytopathology. Their experience levels in Cytopathology ranged from 6 to 12 years. Two of the adjudicators were from university practices and one adjudicator was from a private medical center. The volumes for the adjudicator's institutions ranged from 12,000 to 30,000 ThinPrep[®] Pap Tests annually.

A consensus diagnosis was defined as agreement by at least 2 of 3 Cytopathologists. All slides sent to the panel of Cytopathologists were not identified by site nor ordered in any fashion. When a consensus diagnosis could not be obtained by at least 2 of 3 Cytopathologists, the full panel of Cytopathologists reviewed each case simultaneously using a multi-headed microscope to determine a consensus diagnosis.

The adjudicated results were used as a "gold standard" to define the following major "true" descriptive diagnosis classifications of the Bethesda System: Negative, ASCUS, AGUS, LSIL, HSIL, Squamous Cell Carcinoma (SQ CA) and Glandular Cell Carcinoma (GL CA). Estimates of sensitivity and specificity together with 95% confidence intervals were calculated for the *Manual Review* and *Imager Review* arms of the study. The differences in sensitivity and specificity between the two arms, together with their 95% confidence intervals were also calculated. Among the random 5% subset of 8,550 cases (428 slides) that were found to be negative by both arms and adjudicated, there were 425 "true" negative and 3 "true" ASCUS slides. A multiple imputation technique was used to adjust the numbers of true positives and true negatives for the 8,550 negative concordant cases based on the 5% of cases that were adjudicated³.

Tables 2-4 below summarize the descriptive diagnosis sensitivity and specificity estimates with 95% confidence intervals for each of the four sites and all sites combined for "true" ASCUS+, LSIL+ and HSIL+.

Table 2: Adjudicated Review Versus Imager And Manual Reviews ASCUS+ Descriptive Diagnosis Summary.

Sensitivity is a percent of "true" ASCUS+ (combined ASCUS, AGUS, LSIL, HSIL, SQ CA and GL CA) slides classified in either study arm as ASCUS+ and specificity is a percent of "true" Negative slides classified in either study arm as Negative.

	Sen	sitivity		Specificity				
Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference	Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference	
Site 1	77.2%	78.3%	+1.1%	Site 1	98.7%	99.2%	+0.4%	
180	(70.4, 83.1)	(71.6, 84.1)	(-5.8, 8.0)	2132	(98.1, 99.1)	(98.7, 99.5)	(-0.1, 1.0)	
Site 2	63.1%	77.5%	+14.4%	Site 2	95.8%	96.1%	+0.3%	
230	(56.5, 69.3)	(71.4, 82.6)	(8.2, 20.5)	2210	(94.9, 96.6)	(95.2, 96.9)	(-0.7, 1.3)	
Site 3	80.6%	94.2%	+13.6%	Site 3	98.5%	98.8%	+0.4%	
103	(71.6, 87.7)	(87.8, 97.8)	(4.3, 22.9)	2196	(97.9, 99.0)	(98.3, 99.2)	(-0.3, 1.0)	
Site 4	87.2%	84.4%	-2.8%	Site 4	97.3%	97.0%	-0.3%	
179	(81.4, 91.7)	(78.2, 89.4)	(-10.6, 5.0)	2313	(96.6, 97.9)	(96.2, 97.7)	(-1.1, 0.5)	
All	75.6%	82.0%	+6.4%	All	97.6%	97.8%	+0.2%	
692	(72.2, 78.8)	(78.8, 84.8)	(2.6, 10.0)	8851	(97.2, 97.9)	(97.4, 98.1)	(-0.2, 0.6)	

Numbers in parentheses represent 95% confidence intervals.

The results presented in *Table 2* show that for ASCUS+, the increase in sensitivity of the *Imager Review* over the *Manual Review* was statistically significant with the lower limit of the 95% confidence interval being 2.6% for all sites combined. The observed difference between sensitivities for ASCUS+ varied among the sites from -2.8% with a 95% confidence interval of (-10.6%; 5.0%) to +14.4% with a 95% confidence interval of (8.2%; 20.5%). The difference in specificity results between the *Imager Review* and the *Manual Review* was not statistically significant with a 95% confidence interval of -0.2% to +0.6%. The observed differences between specificities varied among the sites from -0.3% to +0.4%.

Table 3: Adjudicated Review Versus Imager Review LSIL+ Descriptive Diagnosis Summary for Each Site and All Sites Combined.

Sensitivity is a percent of "true" LSIL+ (combined LSIL, HSIL, SQ CA and GL CA) slides classified in either study arm as LSIL+ and specificity is a percent of "true" Non-LSIL+ (combined Negative, ASCUS, AGUS) slides classified in either study arm as Non-LSIL+.

	Sens	itivity	Specificity				
Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference	Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference
Site 1	84.6%	82.7%	-1.9%	Site 1	98.7%	99.3%	+0.6%
104	(76.2, 90.9)	(74.0, 89.4)	(-9.5, 5.6)	2208	(98.1, 99.1)	(98.9, 99.6)	(0.1, 1.0)
Site 2	70.4%	72.4%	+2.0%	Site 2	99.3%	98.9%	-0.4%
98	(60.3, 79.2)	(62.5, 81.0)	(-6.9, 11.0)	2342	(98.8, 99.6)	(98.4, 99.3)	(-0.8, .001)
Site 3	77.4%	85.5%	+8.1%	Site 3	99.2%	99.5%	+0.3%
62	(65.0, 87.1)	(74.2, 93.1)	(-4.0, 20.1)	2237	(98.7, 99.5)	(99.1, 99.8)	(-0.1, 0.6)
Site 4	84.7%	78.4%	-6.3%	Site 4	98.7%	98.7%	-0.08%
111	(98.1, 99.1)	(76.6, 90.8)	(-14.7, 2.1)	2381	(98.2, .99.2)	(98.1, 99.1)	(-0.6, 0.4)
All	79.7%	79.2%	-0.5%	All	99.0%	99.1%	+0.09%
375	(75.3, 83.7)	(74.7, 83.2)	(-5.0, 4.0)	9168	(98.8, 99.2)	(98.9, 99.3)	(-0.1, 0.3)

Numbers in parentheses represent 95% confidence intervals.

The results presented in *Table 3* show that the difference between sensitivities of the *Imager Review* and *Manual Review* arms for LSIL+ for all sites combined was not statistically significant with a 95% confidence interval of -5.0% to +4.0%. The observed difference between sensitivities for LSIL+ varied among the sites from -6.3% with a 95% confidence interval of (-14.7%; 2.1%) to +8.1% with a 95% confidence interval of (-4.0%; 20.1%). The difference in specificity results between the *Imager Review* and the *Manual Review* was not statistically significant with a 95% confidence interval of -0.1% to +0.3%. The observed differences between specificities varied among the sites from -0.4% to +0.6%.

Table 4: Adjudicated Review Versus Imager Review HSIL+ Descriptive Diagnosis Summary for Each Site and All Sites Combined.

Sensitivity is a percent of "true" HSIL+ (combined HSIL, SQ CA and GL CA) slides classified in either study arm as HSIL+ and specificity is a percent of "true" Non-HSIL+ (combined Negative, ASCUS, AGUS, LSIL) slides classified in either study arm as Non-HSIL+.

	Sens	itivity		Specificity				
Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference	Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference	
Site 1	89.5%	92.1%	2.6%	Site 1	98.8%	99.5%	+0.7%	
38	(75.2, 97.1)	(78.6, 98.3)	(-8.9, 14.1)	2274	(98.3, 99.2)	(99.1, 99.8)	(0.2, 1.2)	
Site 2	72.5%	70.0%	-2.5%	Site 2	99.8%	99.6%	-0.1%	
40	(56.1, 85.4)	(53.4, 83.4)	(-15.4, 10.4)	2400	(99.5, 99.9)	(99.2, 99.8)	(-0.3, .09)	
Site 3	72.7%	86.4%	+13.6%	Site 3	99.7%	99.7%	0%	
22	(49.8, 89.3)	(65.1, 97.1)	(-0.7, 28.0)	2277	(99.4, 99.9)	(99.4, 99.9)	(-0.2, 0.2)	
Site 4	61.5%	74.4%	+12.8%	Site 4	99.5%	99.8%	+0.3%	
39	(44.6, 76.6)	(57.9, 87.0)	(-1.7, 27.4)	2453	(99.2, 99.8)	(99.5, 99.9)	(-0.003, 0.6)	
All	74.1%	79.9%	+5.8%	All	99.4 %	99.6%	+0.2%	
139	(66.0, 81.2)	(72.2, 86.2)	(-1.1, 12.6)	9404	(99.2, 99.6)	(99.5, 99.7)	(0.06, 0.4)	

Numbers in parentheses represent 95% confidence intervals.

The results presented in *Table 4* show that the difference between sensitivities of the *Imager Review* and *Manual Review* arms for HSIL+ for all sites combined was not statistically significant with a 95% confidence interval of -1.1% to +12.6%. The observed difference between sensitivities for HSIL+ varied among the sites from -2.5% with a 95% confidence interval of (-15.4%; 10.4%) to +13.6% with a 95% confidence interval of (-0.7%; 28.0%). The increase in specificity of the Imager Review over the Manual Review was statistically significant with a 95% confidence interval of +0.06% to +0.4%. The observed differences between specificities varied among the sites from -0.1% to +0.7%.

Tables 5-9 show the performance of the *Imager Review* and *Manual Review* compared to the final consensus diagnosis made by the adjudication panel (truth) for the following major descriptive diagnosis classifications of the Bethesda System: Negative, ASCUS, AGUS, LSIL, HSIL, Cancer* (CA)

*Includes SQ CA and GL CA.

Abbreviations for Diagnoses: NEG = Normal or negative, ASCUS = Atypical Squamous Cells of Undetermined Significance, AGUS = Atypical Glandular Cells of Undetermined Significance, LSIL = Low-grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion, HSIL = High-grade Squamous Intraepithelial Lesion, SQ CA = Squamous Cell Carcinoma, GL CA = Glandular Cell Adenocarcinoma.

Table 5: 6x6 "True Negative" Contingency Table For All Sites Combined

	Unadjudicated Manual Review Arm Diagnosis							
- x		NEG	ASCUS	AGUS	LSIL	HSIL	CA	TOTAL
agei nosi	NEG	425	138	6	10	6	2	587
Im	ASCUS	130	39	1	3	-	-	173
lted n Dj	AGUS	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
dica Arn	LSIL	9	5	-	2	-	-	16
djud ew	HSIL	1	1	-	-	3	-	5
Jnae Revi	CA	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
1 H	TOTAL	570	183	7	15	9	2	786

All 786 Cases Determined To Be Negative By Adjudication

Among the 786 cases determined by the adjudication panel to be Negative, 587 (74.7%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 570 (72.5%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as Negative and 21 (2.7%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 26 (3.3%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as LSIL+.

Table 6: 6x6 "True ASCUS" Contingency Table For All Sites Combined

All 251 Cases Determined To Be ASCUS By Adjudication

		NEG	ASCUS	AGUS	LSIL	HSIL	CA	TOTAL
agei iosi	NEG	3	32	-	7	3	-	45
Ima	ASCUS	70	47	1	20	4	-	142
ted n Dj	AGUS	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
lica Arn	LSIL	6	21	-	16	7	-	50
ljuc ew .	HSIL	2	3	-	5	1	1	12
Jnac	CA	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
R	TOTAL	83	103	1	48	15	1	251

Unadjudicated Manual Review Arm Diagnosis

Among the 251 cases determined by the adjudication panel to be ASCUS, 142 (56.6%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 103 (41.0%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as ASCUS and 45 (17.9%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 83 (33.1%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as Negative.

Table 7: 6x6 "True AGUS" Contingency Table For All Sites Combined

	Unadjudicated Manual Review Arm Diagnosis							
L 20		NEG	ASCUS	AGUS	LSIL	HSIL	CA	TOTAL
agei nosi:	NEG	-	2	1	-	1	-	4
Im	ASCUS	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
ted n Dj	AGUS	2	-	1	-	-	1	4
lica Arn	LSIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
djuc ew	HSIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
Inae tevi	CA	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
L R	TOTAL	2	2	3	0	1	2	10

All 10 Cases Determined To Be AGUS By Adjudication

Among the 10 cases determined by the adjudication panel to be AGUS, 4 (40.0%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 3 (30.0%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as AGUS and 4 (40.0%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 2 (20.0%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as Negative.

Table 8: 6x6 "True LSIL" Contingency Table For All Sites Combined

All 236 Cases Determined To Be LSIL By Adjudication

	Chaujudicated Manual Review Arm Diagnosis							
L 00		NEG	ASCUS	AGUS	LSIL	HSIL	CA	TOTAL
agei nosi	NEG	-	4	-	12	1	-	17
lm: iagr	ASCUS	13	16	-	20	1	-	50
n Dj	AGUS	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
lica Arn	LSIL	8	20	-	115	12	-	155
djuc ew	HSIL	-	-	-	5	9	-	14
Jnac	CA	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
	TOTAL	21	40	0	152	23	0	236

Unadjudicated Manual Review Arm Diagnosis

Among the 236 cases determined by the adjudication panel to be LSIL, 155 (65.6%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 152 (64.4%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as LSIL and 17 (7.2%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 21 (8.9%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as Negative.

Table 9: 6x6 "True HSIL" Contingency Table For All Sites Combined

All 138 Cases Determined To Be HSIL By Adjudication

- x		NEG	ASCUS	AGUS	LSIL	HSIL	CA	TOTAL
agei nosi:	NEG	-	1	-	-	1	-	2
lm: lagr	ASCUS	2	4	-	2	1	-	9
ted Dj	AGUS	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
lica Arn	LSIL	1	-	-	10	6	-	17
ljuc ew	HSIL	3	3	1	9	91	1	108
Inac	CA	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
	TOTAL	6	8	1	21	100	2	138

Among the 138 cases determined by the adjudication panel to be HSIL, 108 (78.3%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 100 (72.5%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as HSIL and 2 (1.4%) cases in the *Imager Review* arm and 6 (4.3%) cases in the *Manual Review* arm were diagnosed as Negative.

There was one (1) squamous cell carcinoma (SQ CA) case resulting from adjudication. It was diagnosed as HSIL in the *Imager Review* arm and SQ CA in the *Manual Review* arm.

Table 10 shows the study subjects unadjudicated descriptive diagnosis marginal frequencies for benign cellular changes for all sites combined.

Table 10: Unadjudicated Marginal Frequencies Summary of Descriptive Diagnosis for Benign Cellular Changes – All Sites Combined.

	Manual	Review	Imager Review	
Number of Patients:	95	550	9550	
Descriptive Diagnosis	N	%	Ν	%
Benign Cellular Changes:	405	4.2	293	3.1
Infection:				
Trichomonas Vaginalis	8	0.1	8	0.1
Fungal organisms consistent with Candida spp.	47	0.5	31	0.3
Predominance of coccobacilli	71	0.7	60	0.6
Bacteria consistent with Actinomyces spp.	1	0.0	1	0.0
Cellular Changes associated with Herpes virus	1	0.0	1	0.0
Other Infection	1	0.0	0	0.0
Reactive Cellular Changes Associated with:				
Inflammation	218	2.3	156	1.6
Atrophic with inflammation (atrophic vaginitis)	68	0.7	46	0.5
Radiation	0	0.0	0	0.0
Intrauterine contraceptive device (IUD)	0	0.0	0	0.0
Other Reactive Cellular Change	34	0.4	14	0.1

Note: Some patients had more than one diagnostic subcategory.

The *Manual Review* showed a higher rate of Benign Cellular Changes (405) than the *Imager Review* cases (293).

G.3 ANALYTICAL PERFORMANCE OF THINPREP IMAGING SYSTEM FOR DETECTION OF CERVICAL CANCER USING THINPREP® PAP TEST SLIDES FRESHLY PREPARED FROM ARCHIVAL SAMPLES

This analytical study was conducted to compare the Bethesda System 2001 results, obtained by a Cytotechnologist and a Cytopathologist, when their review was limited to 22 fields that were selected by the ThinPrep Imaging System, to their diagnostic results obtained from their independent blinded review of the entire cell spot on the ThinPrep Pap Test slides. All of the reviews were performed in an independent and blinded manner. The test materials consisted of 33 archival PreservCyt-preserved cervical samples that had been previously diagnosed as AGUS or cancer. One ThinPrep Pap Test slide was freshly prepared from each of the 33 original PreservCyt vials. All of the ThinPrep Slides used in the study were made on the TP-2000 processor and stained with ThinPrep Stain. Based on the current cervical cancer prevalence rate in the United States, 33 cases of cervical cancer would represent the number of invasive cervical cancer cases in a population of approximately 275,000 women⁴.

Initially, a board-certified Cytopathologist manually reviewed all of the fields on the ThinPrep Pap Test slides and identified and recorded the number of individual cancer cells and clusters of cancer cells that were present. For this part of the study, the Cytopathologist was not required to record any other cells with other Bethesda System 2001 diagnoses. The 33 cases included slides that represented both rare numbers of cancer cells (5-20 per slide), and numerous cancer cells (>20/slide). Cancer cells were categorized according to Bethesda System 2001 criteria for Glandular Cancer, Adenocarcinoma-in-situ and Squamous Cell Cancer. Each slide was then processed on a ThinPrep Imaging System. The Cytotechnologist then reviewed *only* the 22 fields of view presented by the Autolocate mode of the Review Scope. No review outside of the selected 22 fields of view was permitted. For each field of view, the Cytotechnologist counted and recorded all abnormal cell types based on the following seven Bethesda System classifications: ASCUS, LSIL, HSIL, AGUS, Glandular Cancer, Squamous Cell Carcinoma and Adenocarcinoma-In-Situ.

Finally, the same Cytopathologist who had conducted the manual review of the entire ThinPrep[®] Pap Test slide, independently re-reviewed the slides using the identical method used by the Cytotechnologists. The Cytopathologist was blinded from the original manual review results. For each of the 22 fields of view selected by the ThinPrep Imaging System, the Cytopathologist verified and recorded the number of individual cancer cells, clusters of cancer cells, and any other abnormalities present. *Table 11* summarizes the results from this study:

Cytopathologist Full Manual Review	Cytotechnologist Review of Imager Identified 22 Fields of View *	Cytopathologist Review of Imager Identified 22 Fields of View **
10 Glandular Cancer	5 Glandular Carcinoma 1 Squamous Cell Carcinoma 1 Adenocarcinoma In-situ 2 HSIL/AGUS 1 ASC-H/ASC-US	7 Glandular Carcinoma 1 Squamous Cell Carcinoma 1 AGUS 1 HSIL
1 Adenocarcinoma In-situ	1 Adenocarcinoma In-Situ	1 Adenocarcinoma In-Situ
22 Squamous Cell Carcinoma	3 Glandular Carcinoma 12 Squamous Cell Carcinoma 1 Squamous/Glandular Carcinoma 2 Adenocarcinoma In-situ 4 HSIL	21 Squamous Cell Carcinoma 1 Adenocarcinoma In-situ
Total = 33	Total = 33	Total = 33

	Table	11:	Summary	of Res	sults Fro	m Restricted	l Analytical	Cancer	Study
--	-------	-----	----------------	--------	-----------	--------------	--------------	--------	-------

* In the intended use of the ThinPrep Imaging System (Imager), the Cytotechnologist would perform a full manual slide review of each of these cases and pass them on to a Cytopathologist for further review.

** In the intended use of the ThinPrep Imaging System (Imager), the Cytopathologist would perform a full manual slide review of each of these cases.

The results in *Table 11* demonstrate the ability of the ThinPrep Imaging System to successfully identify abnormalities in the 22 fields of view presented during the Autolocate mode of slide review. In all 33 cases in this study, the ThinPrep Imaging System identified and presented cells among the 22 fields of view that were categorized as Cancer, HSIL, AGUS or ASCUS. In addition, the Cytopathologists' confirming review of the identical 22 fields of view showed consistent, but slightly improved results with all cases being categorized as Cancer, HSIL or AGUS. Consistent with the intended use of the ThinPrep Imaging System, the Cytotechnologists' diagnoses in every one of these 33 cases would have invoked the full slide Autoscan mode that would require a Cytotechnologist to screen the entire slide before making a final diagnosis. The results of this study indicate that ThinPrep Imaging System will accurately lead to a full manual slide review for the detection of cervical cancer or its precursor lesions.

G.4 SPECIMEN ADEQUACY STUDY

Of the 10,359 subjects in the study, 9627 met the requirements for inclusion in the specimen adequacy analysis.

	Manual	Review	Imager	Review	
Number of Patients:	96	27	9627		
Descriptive Diagnosis	Ν	%	Ν	%	
Satisfactory for Evaluation	7375	76.6	7346	76.3	
Satisfactory but Limited by	2186	22.7	2252	23.4	
Endocervical Component Absent	1196	12.4	1397	14.5	
Scant Squamous Epithelial Component	92	1.0	102	1.1	
Obscuring Blood	45	0.5	17	0.2	
Obscuring Inflammation	69	0.7	68	0.7	
No Clinical History	982	10.2	933	9.7	
Cytolysis	4	0.0	2	0.0	
Other	6	0.1	33	0.3	
Unsatisfactory for Evaluation	66	0.7	29	0.3	
Endocervical Component Absent	6	0.1	0	0.0	
Scant Squamous Epithelial Component	35	0.4	22	0.2	
Obscuring Blood	17	0.2	2	0.0	
Obscuring Inflammation	8	0.1	5	0.1	
No Clinical History	2	0.0	2	0.0	
Cytolysis	0	0.0	0	0.0	
Other	2	0.0	0	0.0	

Table 12: Unadjudicated Marginal Frequencies Summary of Specimen Adequacy Results – All Sites Combined.

Note: Some patients had more than one diagnostic subcategory.

For SAT cases, there was agreement between the *Manual Review* cases (7375) and the *Imager Review* cases (7346). For SBLB cases, there is agreement between the *Manual Review* cases (2186) and the *Imager Review* cases (2252). Unsatisfactory cases were greater in the *Manual Review* cases (66) versus the *Imager Review* cases (29).

The adjudicated results were used as a "gold standard" to define "true" specimen adequacy classifications of the Bethesda System: SAT/SBLB and UNSAT. There were 58 "true" UNSAT cases and 9569 "true" SAT/SBLB cases.

Table 13 below summarizes specimen adequacy performance for the Imager Review and Manual Review arms for all four sites and all sites combined using the Bethesda System 1991 criteria.

Table 13: Adjudicated Review Versus Imager Review Specimen Adequacy Summary for All Sites and All Sites Combined.

Sensitivity is a percent of "true" UNSAT slides classified in either study arm as UNSAT and specificity is a percent of "true" SAT/SBLB slides classified in either study arm as SAT/SBLB.

	Sensitivity				Specificity					
Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference	Site/ Number Cases	Manual	Imager	Difference			
Site 1	0%	0%	0.0%	Site 1	100%	100%	0.0%			
21	(0/21)	(0/21)	(0/21)	2292	(2292/2292)	(2292/2292)	(0/2292)			
Site 2	100%	16.7%	-83.3%	Site 2	98.9%	99.6%	+0.6%			
6	(6/6)	(1/6)	(-5/6)	2476	(2449/2476)	(2465/2476)	(16/2476)			
Site 3	80.0%	60.0%	-20.0%	Site 3	99.2%	99.7%	+0.5%			
5	(4/5)	(3/5)	(-1/5)	2323	(2304/2323)	(2315/2323)	(11/2323)			
Site 4	30.8%	19.2%	-11.5%	Site 4	99.9%	99.9%	+0.04%			
26	(8/26)	(5/26)	(-3/26)	2478	(2475/2478)	(2476/2478)	(1/2478)			
All 58 CI*	29.3% (17/58) (18.1, 42.7)	13.8% (8/58) (6.1, 25.4)	-15.5% (-9/58) (-25.9, -5.0)	All 9569 CI*	99.5% (9520/9569) (99.3, 99.6)	99.8% (9548/9569) (99.7, 99.9)	+ 0.3% (28/9569) (0.2, 0.4)			

*95% Confidence Interval

vs. *Imager Review* arm) during the clinical study were assessed in an additional clinical support study to compare the method used for specimen adequacy in the clinical study with a control cell count of the slides and 3 different methods as follows: (1) Manual assessment of specimen adequacy on the entire microscope slide based on ThinPrep Bethesda System 1991 criteria; (2) Using the "diameter" method of Bethesda System 2001, which requires that the Cytotechnologist counts cells in 10 fields of view along the diameter of the cell spot and calculate the number of cells on the slide; (3) Having the Cytotechnologist count the cells in the 22 fields of view presented by the system and calculate the number of cells on the slide.

This additional support study demonstrated that the Bethesda System 1991 estimation methods, including the method used in the clinical study, do not generate similar specimen adequacy determinations when compared against each other or with the control method. Therefore, the recommended methods for determining specimen adequacy on the ThinPrep Imaging System are (1) the Bethesda System 2001 count of fields along a diagonal of the cell spot or (2) counting the cells in the 22 fields-of-view selected by the ThinPrep Imager System. Refer to the ThinPrep Imaging System Review Scope Operator's Manual for instructions on the proper use of these methods.

G.5 CYTOTECHNOLOGIST SCREENING RATES

Daily Cytotechnologist screening rates were recorded throughout the duration of the clinical study. The study was conducted in a manner designed to reproduce actual clinical conditions. Eight (8) Cytotechnologists participated in the study; two (2) at each clinical site. The experience levels of the Cytotechnologists ranged from 5 to 23 years. During the study the Cytotechnologist's screening times for the *Imager Review* arm included automated screening of the 22 fields of view with subsequent full side review of abnormal slides. A full slide review consists of approximately 120 fields of view. The number of hours each Cytotechnologist screened slides per day varied due to logistical issues and scheduling. With the ThinPrep Imaging System, Cytotechnologist screening rates were uniformly faster than the *Manual Review* method.

Table 14 summarizes the Cytotechnologist screening rates for both the *Imager Review* and the *Manual Review* methods. The total number of slides reviewed in the study and the average number of hours screened per day are presented for each Cytotechnologist and site. Screening rates (extrapolated to an 8 hour workday) are presented as the low, average and high daily screening rates achieved by each Cytotechnologist and site. The low and high daily rates were selected from the lowest and highest daily hourly rates, respectively, and are extrapolated to 8 hours.

Site/CT	Review	Total Number of	Average Number of	Ext	trapolated Daily R (8-hour workday)	ates)
	Methods	Slides Evaluated	Hours Screened Per Day	Low Day	Average Day	High Day
Site 1	Manual	2568	7.4	49	69	94
	Imager	2297	6.0	107	153	206
1-1	Manual	1284	7.5	49	60	72
	Imager	1168	6.1	117	153	182
1-2	Manual	1284	7.3	70	78	94
	Imager	1129	5.9	107	154	206
Site 2	Manual	2686	7.7	40	68	80
	Imager	2665	7.8	69	109	131
2-1	Manual	1348	7.6	40	71	80
	Imager	1309	7.9	97	110	118
2-2	Manual	1338	7.8	55	66	75
	Imager	1356	7.7	69	109	131
Site 3	Manual	2738	7.9	20	80	101
	Imager	2726	4.5	148	204	320
3-1	Manual	1368	7.9	63	82	91
	Imager	1460	4.2	167	230	320
3-2	Manual	1370	7.8	20	78	101
	Imager	1266	4.7	148	178	212
Site 4	Manual	2612	7.6	42	69	94
	Imager	2524	5.1	86	138	198
4-1	Manual	1305	8.2	59	75	84
	Imager	1252	5.1	86	150	190
4-2	Manual	1307	6.9	42	63	94
	Imager	1272	5.0	109	126	198

Table 14: Cytotechnologist Screening Rates

Table 15 summarizes the *Manual Review* versus the *Imager Review* for ASCUS+ and HSIL+ sensitivity and specificity by site. The table also presents the prevalence of ASCUS+, LSIL+, and HSIL+ among the reviewed slides and the respective screening daily rates of each review method. The daily screening rates are extrapolated to an 8-hour workday and are presented as the low, average and high daily screening rates by site.

Table 15: Screening Rates, Prevalence of ASCUS+, LSIL+, HSIL+, and Respective Performance for ASCUS+ and HSIL+.

Site	% of ASCUS+	% of LSIL+	% of HSIL+	Review Methods	Extrapolated Daily Rates Performance for (8-hour workday) ASCUS+				Performance for HSIL+						
					Low Day	Average Day	High Day	Sensi	tivity	Speci	ficity	Sensit	tivity	Specif	icity
C:4- 1	7 70/	4.50/	1.60/	Manual	49	69	94	77.2%		98.7%		89.5%		98.8%	
Site I	1.1%	4.5%	1.6%	Imager	107	153	206	78.3%	+1.1%	99.2%	+0.4%	92.1%	+2.6%	99.5%	+0.7%
G:4-2	0.20/	4.00/	1.00/	Manual	40	68	80	63.1%		95.8%		72.5%		99.8%	
Site2	9.2%	4.0%	1.0%	Imager	69	109	131	77.7%	+14.4%	96.1%	+0.3%	70.0%	-2.5%	99.6%	-0.1%
Site 3	4 40/	2.70/	1.00/	Manual	20	80	101	80.6%		98.5%		64.3%		99.7%	
	4.4%	2.7%	1.0%	Imager	148	204	320	94.2%	+13.6%	98.8%	+0.4%	78.6%	+13.6%	99.7%	0%
C:4- 4	7.20/	4.50/	1.60/	Manual	42	69	94	87.2%		97.3%		61.5%		99.5%	
Site 4	7.2%	4.5%	1.0%	Imager	86	138	198	84.4%	-2.8%	97.0%	-0.3%	74.4%	+12.8%	99.8%	+0.3%

The clinical study data show that the screening rates achieved with the ThinPrep[®] Imaging System resulted in sensitivity or specificity values that fall within acceptable limits.

Laboratorians should use the following method when calculating workload:

- All slides with Fields of View (FOV) only review count as 0.5 or ½ slide
- All slides with full manual review (FMR) using the Autoscan feature count as 1 slide (as mandated by CLIA'88 for manual screening)
- Then, slides with **both** FOV and FMR count as 1.5 or 1¹/₂ slides
- Use these values to count workload, not exceeding the CLIA maximum limit of 100 slides in no less than an 8-hour day.

FMR = 1 slide	
FOV = 0.5 slide	
FMR + FOV = 1.5 slides	
Upper Limit = 100 slides	

The ThinPrep® Imaging System limit of 100 slides in an 8-hour workday includes the following:

- Screening 22 Fields of View
- Full manual slide review using the Autoscan feature
- Review clinical history
- Record results and triage appropriately

An example of workload scenario for ThinPrep Pap slides using the ThinPrep Imaging System:

100 FOV review only = 50 slides $(100 \times 0.5 = 50)$

30 FOV review + FMR = 45 slides (30 x 1.5 = 45)

Total number of slides screened = 95 (50 FOV only and 45 FOV + FMR)

- Note: ALL laboratories should have a clear standard operation procedure for documentation of their method of workload counting and for establishing workload limits.
- It is the responsibility of the Technical Supervisor to evaluate and set workload limits for individual cytotechnologists based on laboratory clinical performance.

According to CLIA '88, these workload limits should be reassessed every six months.

For less than an 8-hour workday, the following formula must be applied to determine the maximum number of slides to be reviewed during that workday:

$$\left(\frac{Number of hours examining slides}{8}\right) x 100$$

The manual workload limit does not supercede the CLIA requirement of 100 slides in a 24-hour period in no less than an 8-hour day. Manual review includes the following types of slides:

- Slides reviewed on the ThinPrep Imaging System using the Autoscan feature
- Slides reviewed without the ThinPrep Imaging System
- Non-gynecologic slides.

When conducting manual review, refer to the CLIA requirements for calculating workload limits.

G.6 THINPREP IMAGING SYSTEM USE WITH THINPREP 5000 PROCESSOR

A study was conducted to estimate the Positive Percent Agreement (PPA) and Negative Percent Agreement (NPA) for Imager-assisted review as compared with manual review of specimens processed on the ThinPrep 5000 processor.

Clinical Study Design

The study was a prospective, multi-center, blinded evaluation of ThinPrep slides of known diagnoses generated from residual cytological specimens which were prepared, reviewed and adjudicated in a previous study.

One thousand two hundred sixty (1260) slides were prepared on a ThinPrep 5000 processor and were reviewed independently by a Cytotechnologist and confirmed by a Pathologist. All cytologic diagnoses were determined in accordance with the Bethesda System 2001 criteria for all slides¹. The study was conducted at Hologic, Inc., Marlborough, MA and at two external laboratories in the United States.

Lab Imager-	Lab Manual Review Diagnosis									
Assisted Review Diagnosis	UNSAT	NILM	ASC-US	AGUS	LSIL	ASC-H	HSIL	Cancer	Total	
UNSAT	30	10	2	0	1	0	0	0	43	
NILM	10	620	36	1	5	5	3	1	681	
ASC-US	3	40	35	10	8	1	2	0	99	
AGUS	0	10	28	127	8	0	8	0	181	
LSIL	0	4	9	4	14	2	13	0	46	
ASC-H	2	2	1	0	1	3	1	2	12	
HSIL	1	3	6	15	24	2	111	5	167	
Cancer	1	0	0	0	1	1	7	21	31	
Total	47	689	117	157	62	14	145	29	1260	

 Table 16: Laboratory Imager-Assisted Review Diagnosis vs. Laboratory Manual Review

 Diagnosis by one Pair of Cytotechnologist/Pathologist (Combined Sites)

Reference Diagnosis by Adjudication Review

All slides were subject to an adjudication review. Adjudication was done at a facility that was not one of the study sites conducting the study. Slides for adjudication were evenly divided between three (3) adjudication panels each consisting of one (1) Cytotechnologist and three (3) independent Pathologists. Each adjudication panel was blinded to the original review diagnosis for all slides and each independent Pathologist within each panel was also blinded to other adjudicator's diagnoses for all slides. Adjudication consensus agreement was obtained for each slide reviewed. Consensus agreement was achieved when at least two (2) of the three (3) Pathologists from a panel rendered an identical diagnosis. In cases where consensus agreement was not achieved the panel members were brought together at a multi-head microscope to review the slides together and come to a consensus diagnosis.

In the study, there were 18 Cancer, 92 HSIL, 37 ASC-H, 180 LSIL, 18 AGUS, 122 ASC-US, 770 NILM, and 23 UNSAT specimens. Clinical sensitivity and specificity (e.g., with reference to a histological diagnosis) cannot be measured in this study which relied on cytological examination alone. Instead, laboratory positive and negative diagnoses by both methods, Imager-assisted and manual review, for the specimens with Reference Diagnosis of ASC-US+ (combined ASC-US, AGUS, LSIL, ASC-H, HSIL, and Cancer), LSIL+ (combined LSIL, ASC-H, HSIL, and Cancer), ASC-H+ (combined ASC-H, HSIL, and Cancer) and HSIL+ (combined HSIL and Cancer) were compared.

Clinical Study Results

Tables 17 through 20 present the comparison of Laboratory true positive and negative rates for ASC-US+, LSIL+, ASC-H+, and HSIL+.

Table 17: Laboratory Imager-Assisted Review Results vs. Laboratory Manual Review Results for the Specimens with Reference Diagnosis of ASC-US+

In the study, there were 467 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of ASC-US+ (combined ASC-US, AGUS, LSIL, ASC-H, HSIL, and Cancer) and 770 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of NILM.

In this table, "Positive" means ASC-US+ or UNSAT, and "Negative" means NILM. All percentages are rounded to the nearest 0.1%.

ASC-US+	Posi	tive Percent Agreem	ent	Negative Percent Agreement				
Lab CT/	Imager-Assisted	Manual	Difference	Imager-Assisted	Manual	Difference		
Pathologist	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)		
	93.8%	95.1%	-1.3%	84.4%	81.9%	2.5%		
#1	(287/306)	(291/306)	(-4/306)	(434/514)	(421/514)	(13/514)		
	(90.5% to 96.0%)	(92.1% to 97.0%)	(-4.2% to 1.5%)	(81.0% to 87.3%)	(78.3% to 85.0%)	(-0.2% to 5.3%)		
	91.6%	92.3%	-0.6%	84.8%	85.2%	-0.4%		
#2	(428/467)	(431/467)	(-3/467)	(653/770)	(656/770)	(-3/770)		
	(88.8% to 93.8%)	(89.5% to 94.4%)	(-3.3% to 1.9%)	(82.1% to 87.2%)	(82.5% to 87.5%)	(-2.9% to 2.1%)		
	91.9%	91.4%	0.4%	83.0%	83.4%	-0.4%		
#3	(429/467)	(427/467)	(2/467)	(639/770)	(642/770)	(-3/770)		
	(89.0% to 94.0%)	(88.5% to 93.6%)	(-2.1% to 3.0%)	(80.2% to 85.5%)	(80.6% to 85.8%)	(-2.9% to 2.1%)		
	92.3%	92.7%	-0.4%	84.0%	83.7%	0.3%		
Combined	(1144/1240)	(1149/1240)	(-5/1240)	(1726/2054)	(1719/2054)	(7/2054)		
	(90.6% to 93.6%)	(91.1% to 94.0%)	(-1.9% to 1.1%)	(82.4% to 85.6%)	(82.0% to 85.2%)	(-1.1% to 1.8%)		

Table 18: Laboratory Imager-Assisted Review Results vs. Laboratory Manual Review Results for the Specimens with Reference Diagnosis of LSIL+

In the study, there were 327 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of LSIL+ (combined LSIL, ASC-H, HSIL, and Cancer) and 910 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of (combined NILM, ASC-US, and AGUS).

In this table, "Positive" means LSIL+ or UNSAT, and "Negative" means NILM or ASC-US/AGUS. All percentages are rounded to the nearest 0.1%.

LSIL+	Posi	tive Percent Agreem	ent	Nega	tive Percent Agreen	nent
Lab CT/	Imager-Assisted	Manual	Difference	Imager-Assisted	Manual	Difference
Pathologist	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	93.9%	90.0%	3.9%	86.1%	85.3%	0.8%
#1	(215/229)	(206/229)	(9/229)	(509/591)	(504/591)	(5/591)
	(90.0% to 96.3%)	(85.4% to 93.2%)	(-0.5% to 8.5%)	(83.1% to 88.7%)	(82.2% to 87.9%)	(-1.7% to 3.5%)
	85.0%	88.1%	-3.1%	87.4%	87.7%	-0.3%
#2	(278/327)	(288/327)	(-10/327)	(795/910)	(798/910)	(-3/910)
	(80.7% to 88.5%)	(84.1% to 91.2%)	(-7.0% to 0.8%)	(85.0% to 89.4%)	(85.4% to 89.7%)	(-2.3% to 1.6%)
	93.9%	87.5%	6.4%	84.3%	84.6%	-0.3%
#3	(307/327)	(286/327)	(21/327)	(767/910)	(770/910)	(-3/910)
	(90.7% to 96.0%)	(83.4% to 90.6%)	(3.2% to 10.0%)	(81.8% to 86.5%)	(82.1% to 86.8%)	(-2.4% to 1.7%)
	90.6%	88.3%	2.3%	85.9%	85.9%	0.0%
Combined	(800/883)	(780/883)	(20/883)	(2071/2411)	(2072/2411)	(-1/2411)
	(88.5% to 92.4%)	(86.0% to 90.3%)	(0.1% to 4.5%)	(84.5% to 87.2%)	(84.5% to 87.3%)	(-1.3% to 1.2%)

Table 19: Laboratory Imager-Assisted Review Results vs. Laboratory Manual Review Results for the Specimens with Reference Diagnosis of ASC-H+

In the study, there were 147 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of ASC-H+ (combined ASC-H, HSIL, and Cancer) and 1,090 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of (combined NILM, ASC-US/AGUS, and LSIL).

In this table, "Positive" means ASC-H+ or UNSAT, and "Negative" means NILM, ASC-US/AGUS, or LSIL. All percentages are rounded to the nearest 0.1%.

ASC-H+	Posi	tive Percent Agreem	ent	Nega	tive Percent Agreen	nent
Lab CT/	Imaged	Manual	Difference	Imaged	Manual	Difference
Pathologist	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	93.7%	88.3%	5.4%	86.7%	86.7%	0.0%
#1	(104/111)	(98/111)	(6/111)	(615/709)	(615/709)	(0/709)
	(87.6% to 96.9%)	(81.0% to 93.0%)	(-0.6% to 12.0%)	(84.0% to 89.0%)	(84.0% to 89.0%)	(-2.2% to 2.2%)
	86.4%	86.4%	0.0%	89.4%	89.4%	-0.1%
#2	(127/147)	(127/147)	(0/147)	(974/1090)	(975/1090)	(-1/1090)
	(79.9% to 91.0%)	(79.9% to 91.0%)	(-6.8% to 6.8%)	(87.4% to 91.1%)	(87.5% to 91.1%)	(-1.8% to 1.6%)
	95.2%	89.8%	5.4%	88.2%	87.4%	0.7%
#3	(140/147)	(132/147)	(8/147)	(961/1090)	(953/1090)	(8/1090)
	(90.5% to 97.7%)	(83.8% to 93.7%)	(-0.1% to 11.4%)	(86.1% to 90.0%)	(85.3% to 89.3%)	(-1.0% to 2.5%)
	91.6%	88.1%	3.5%	88.3%	88.0%	0.2%
Combined	(371/405)	(357/405)	(14/405)	(2550/2889)	(2543/2889)	(7/2889)
	(88.5% to 93.9%)	(84.6% to 90.9%)	(0.0% to 7.0%)	(87.0% to 89.4%)	(86.8% to 89.2%)	(-0.8% to 1.3%)

Table 20: Laboratory Imager-Assisted Review Results vs. Laboratory Manual Review Results for the Specimens with Reference Diagnosis of HSIL+

In the study, there were 110 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of HSIL+ (combined HSIL and Cancer) and 1,127 specimens with Reference Diagnosis of (combined NILM, ASC-US/AGUS, LSIL, and ASC-H).

In this table, "Positive" means HSIL+ or UNSAT, and "Negative" means NILM, ASC-US/AGUS, LSIL, or ASC-H. All percentages are rounded to the nearest 0.1%.

HSIL+	Posi	tive Percent Agreem	ent	Nega	tive Percent Agreen	nent
Lab CT/	Imaged	Manual	Difference	Imaged	Manual	Difference
Pathologist	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)	(95% CI)
	90.7%	80.2%	10.5%	86.8%	89.1%	-2.3%
#1	(78/86)	(69/86)	(9/86)	(637/734)	(654/734)	(-17/734)
	(82.7% to 95.2%)	(70.6% to 87.3%)	(2.9% to 18.8%)	(84.1% to 89.0%)	(86.6% to 91.2%)	(-4.6% to -0.1%)
	80.9%	74.5%	6.4%	92.1%	92.3%	-0.2%
#2	(89/110)	(82/110)	(7/110)	(1038/1127)	(1040/1127)	(-2/1127)
	(72.6% to 87.2%)	(65.7% to 81.8%)	(-2.0% to 14.7%)	(90.4% to 93.5%)	(90.6% to 93.7%)	(-1.7% to 1.4%)
	90.9%	82.7%	8.2%	89.0%	89.7%	-0.7%
#3	(100/110)	(91/110)	(9/110)	(1003/1127)	(1011/1127)	(-8/1127)
	(84.1% to 95.0%)	(74.6% to 88.7%)	(0.7% to 16.0%)	(87.0% to 90.7%)	(87.8% to 91.3%)	(-2.4% to 0.9%)
	87.3%	79.1%	8.2%	89.6%	90.5%	-0.9%
Combined	(267/306)	(242/306)	(25/306)	(2678/2988)	(2705/2988)	(-27/2988)
	(83.1% to 90.5%)	(74.2% to 83.3%)	(3.7% to 12.7%)	(88.5% to 90.7%)	(89.4% to 91.5%)	(-1.9% to 0.1%)

In the study, there were 1.83% (23/1260) ThinPrep 5000 slides with UNSAT results by Adjudication.

Agreement among Laboratory Cytotechnologists/Pathologists

The following tables indicate the extent to which the laboratory Cytotechnologists/Pathologists at a given site agreed amongst themselves on the diagnosis, comparing the Imager-assisted review to the manual review. Tables are provided for ASC-US+ and ASC-H+. Note that since one site had only two CT/Pathologist pairs, the three-way agreement analysis is available for just two sites, with 840 total specimens.

In *Table 21* for ASC-H+, the number of specimens is shown for which various levels of agreement among the CTs occurred. Either all three CTs rated the slide as positive (ASC-H+), two out of three rated it positive, one out of three, or none of them.

Table 21: Laboratory Cytotechnologist/Pathologist Agreement, All Kesuits,	ASC-H+
---	--------

		Th	Manual Review Three lab CTs have read the same slide			
	ASC-H+	Three CTs had ASC-H+	Two CTs had ASC-H+ & one had <asc-h< th=""><th>One CT had ASC-H+ & two had <asc-h< th=""><th>Three CTs had <asc-h< th=""><th>Totals</th></asc-h<></th></asc-h<></th></asc-h<>	One CT had ASC-H+ & two had <asc-h< th=""><th>Three CTs had <asc-h< th=""><th>Totals</th></asc-h<></th></asc-h<>	Three CTs had <asc-h< th=""><th>Totals</th></asc-h<>	Totals
Imager- Assisted Review	Three CTs had ASC-H+	91	23	8	0	122
Three lab CTs have read the same slide	Two CTs had ASC-H+ and one had <asc-h< th=""><th>12</th><th>21</th><th>7</th><th>8</th><th>48</th></asc-h<>	12	21	7	8	48
	One CT had ASC-H+ and two had <asc-h< th=""><th>3</th><th>12</th><th>16</th><th>11</th><th>42</th></asc-h<>	3	12	16	11	42
	Three CTs had <asc-h< th=""><th>0</th><th>2</th><th>22</th><th>604</th><th>628</th></asc-h<>	0	2	22	604	628
	Totals	106	58	53	623	840

		Manua Three lab CTs hav		
	ASC-H+	Three or two CTs had ASC-H+	Three or two CTs had <asc-h< th=""><th>Totals</th></asc-h<>	Totals
Imager- Assisted Review	Three or two CTs had ASC-H+	147	23	170
Three lab CTs have read the same slide	Three or two CTs had <asc-h< th=""><th>17</th><th>653</th><th>670</th></asc-h<>	17	653	670
	Totals	164	676	840

The rate of agreement between the Imager-assisted review result and the manual review result from the previous table is presented below. PPA is the positive percent agreement, percent of specimens of ASC-H+ diagnosis with Imager-assisted review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists among all specimens of ASC-H+ diagnosis with manual review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists. NPA is the negative percent agreement, percent of specimens of <ASC-H diagnosis with Imager-assisted review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists among all specimens of <ASC-H diagnosis with manual review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists.

Table 22:	Rate of	CT /Pathologist	t Agreement.	ASC-H+
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

ASC-H+			
PPA	89.0%	(147/164)	(83.3% to 92.9%)
NPA	96.6%	(653/676)	(95.0% to 97.7%)

In *Table 23* for ASCUS+, the number of specimens is shown for which various levels of agreement among the CTs occurred. Either all three CTs rated the slide as positive (ASCUS+), two out of three rated it positive, one out of three, or none of them.

Table 23: CT Agreement, All Results, ASCUS+

		Th	Manual Review Three lab CTs have read the same slide			
	ASCUS+	Three CTs had ASCUS+	Two CTs had ASCUS+ & one had <ascus< th=""><th>One CT had ASCUS+ & two had <ascus< th=""><th>Three CTs had <ascus< th=""><th>Totals</th></ascus<></th></ascus<></th></ascus<>	One CT had ASCUS+ & two had <ascus< th=""><th>Three CTs had <ascus< th=""><th>Totals</th></ascus<></th></ascus<>	Three CTs had <ascus< th=""><th>Totals</th></ascus<>	Totals
	Three CTs had ASCUS+	272	22	8	0	302
Imager- Assisted Review	Two CTs had ASCUS+ and one had <ascus< th=""><th>15</th><th>16</th><th>6</th><th>7</th><th>44</th></ascus<>	15	16	6	7	44
Three lab CTs have read the same slide	One CT had ASCUS+ and two had <ascus< th=""><th>7</th><th>10</th><th>24</th><th>38</th><th>79</th></ascus<>	7	10	24	38	79
	Three CTs had <ascus< th=""><th>0</th><th>5</th><th>28</th><th>382</th><th>415</th></ascus<>	0	5	28	382	415
	Totals	294	53	66	427	840

		Manual Three lab CTs have		
	ASCUS+	Three or two CTs had ASCUS+	Three or two CTs had <ascus< th=""><th>Totals</th></ascus<>	Totals
Imager- Assisted Review	Three or two CTs had ASCUS+	325	21	346
Three lab CTs have read the same slide	Three or two CTs had <ascus< th=""><th>22</th><th>472</th><th>494</th></ascus<>	22	472	494
	Totals	347	493	840

The rate of agreement between the Imager-assisted review result and the manual review result from the previous table is presented below. PPA is the positive percent agreement, percent of specimens of ASCUS+ diagnosis with Imager-assisted review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists among all specimens of ASCUS+ diagnosis with manual review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists. NPA is the negative percent agreement, percent of specimens of <ASCUS diagnosis with Imager-assisted review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists among all specimens of <ASCUS diagnosis with manual review by a majority of laboratory CT/Pathologists.

Table 24:	Rate of	CT A	greement,	ASCUS+
-----------	---------	------	-----------	--------

ASCUS+			
PPA	93.7%	(325/347)	(90.6% to 95.8%)
NPA	95.7%	(472/493)	(93.6% to 97.2%)

H. Clinical Investigation Conclusions

- For all sites combined for ASCUS+, the improvement in sensitivity of the *Imager Review* method over the *Manual Review* method is statistically significant. This increase is 6.4% with a 95% confidence interval of 2.6% to 10.0% for all sites combined. The differences in sensitivity varied among the sites from -2.8% to +14.4%. For LSIL+ and HSIL+ the sensitivity of the *Imager Review* method is equivalent to the *Manual Review* method.
- For all sites combined for HSIL+, the improvement in specificity of the *Imager Review* method over the *Manual Review* method is statistically significant. This increase is 0.2% with a 95% confidence interval of 0.06% to 0.4% for all sites combined. The differences in specificity varied among the sites from -0.1% to +0.7%. For ASCUS+ and LSIL+ the specificity of the *Imager Review* method is equivalent to the *Manual Review* method.
- Specimen adequacy can be determined using the method described in Bethesda System 2001 or by having the Cytotechnologist count the cells in the 22 fields of view presented by the Imager.
- The workload limit for the ThinPrep Imaging System has been established at 200 slides in no less than an 8-hour workday. This workload limit of 200 slides includes the time spent for manual review of slides that is not to exceed 100 slides in an 8 hour workday.

For these clinical sites and these study populations, the data from the clinical trial and clinical support studies demonstrate that the use of the ThinPrep Imaging System to assist during primary screening of ThinPrep Pap Test slides for all cytologic interpretations, as defined by the Bethesda System, is safe and effective for the detection of cervical abnormalities.

Performance may vary from site to site as a result of differences in patient populations and reading practices. As a result each laboratory using this device should employ quality assurance and control systems to ensure proper use and selection of appropriate workload limits.

I. Bibliography

- Solomon D., Davey D, Kurman R, Moriarty A, O'Connor D, Prey M, Raab S, Sherman M, Wilbur D, Wright T, Young N, for the Forum Group Members and the 2001 Bethesda Workshop. The 2001 Bethesda System Terminology for Reporting Results of Cervical Cancer. *JAMA*. 2002;287:2114-2119.
- 2. Kurman RJ, Solomon D. The Bethesda System for Reporting Cervical/Vaginal Cytologic Diagnoses. Springer-Verlag 1994.
- 3. Schafer, J.L. Multiple imputation: a primer. Statistical Methods in Medical Research, 1999, 8:3-15.
- 4. National Cancer Institute. SEER Cancer Statistics Review 1973-1998. Available at: <u>http://www.seer.cancer.gov</u>. Accessed February 2002.



Hologic, Inc. 250 Campus Drive Marlborough, MA 01752 USA 1-800- 442-9892 www. hologic.com

AW-12515-001 Rev. 001 © 2015 Hologic, Inc. All rights reserved. **Table of Contents**

Table of Contents



Table of Contents

Chapter One

INTRODUCTIC	DN	
SECTION A:	Overview	1.1
SECTION B:	The ThinPrep Imaging System Process	1.2
SECTION C:	Specimen Preparation	1.5
SECTION D:	Review Scope Manual+ Technical Specifications	1.6
SECTION E:	Internal Quality Control	1.10
SECTION F:	ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ Hazards	1.11
SECTION G:	Disposal	1.14

Chapter Two

INSTALLATION

SECTION A:	General	2.1
SECTION B:	Action Upon Delivery	2.1
SECTION C:	Preparation Prior to Installation	2.1
SECTION D:	Moving the Review Scope Manual+	2.2
SECTION E:	Connecting Review Scope Manual+ Components	2.4
SECTION F:	Power On the Review Scope Manual+	2.8
SECTION G:	User Preferences	2.10
SECTION H:	Storage and Handling - Post Installation	2.10
SECTION I:	System Shutdown	2.10

Chapter Three

USER INTERFACE

SECTION A:	Overview	3.1
SECTION B:	Startup	3.3
SECTION C:	Administrative Options	3.4
SECTION D:	Login	3.9
SECTION E:	Main Menu	3.10
SECTION F:	User Preferences	3.11
SECTION G:	Start	3.21



Chapter Four OPERATION SECTION A: Overview 4.1 **SECTION B:** Materials Required Prior to Operation 4.4 **SECTION C:** Using the Touch Screen and Review Controls 4.4 **SECTION D:** Slide Review 4.7 **SECTION E:** Review of Slides Not for Use with 4.18 ThinPrep Imaging **Chapter Five** MAINTENANCE **SECTION A:** General Cleaning 5.1 5.2 **SECTION B:** Koehler Alignment Chapter Six TROUBLESHOOTING SECTION A: Invalid Slide ID 6.1 SECTION B: Failed to Read Slide ID 6.1 **SECTION C:** Slide ID Mismatch While Completing the Review 6.3 **SECTION D:** Error Handling 6.4 **Chapter Seven** SERVICE INFORMATION 7.1 **Chapter Eight ORDERING INFORMATION** 8.1

Index

1. Introduction

1. Introduction



Chapter One

Introduction



OVERVIEW

The ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ is an automated microscope to be used by a cytotechnologist (CT) to screen ThinPrep Pap Test slides that have been imaged by a ThinPrep Image Processor. The microscope is a quality laboratory microscope enhanced with automated features that facilitate review of the slide. The CT views the slide and by means of automatic stage movement, is presented with fields of view containing objects of interest identified by the Imaging System. Using a touch screen monitor and hand controls, the CT is able to screen the slide and target areas for physical marking after the review. The Review Scope Manual+ is networked to the Imaging System and at review, slide data is retrieved from a slide database maintained by the Imaging System. At the conclusion of a slide review, the slide data is updated in the database.

The Review Scope Manual+ also has the ability to act as a conventional microscope when not used in conjunction with ThinPrep imaging.

The Review Scope Manual+ consists of:

The **Microscope**, a customized microscope with internal camera for location of slide fiducial marks, slide ID reader, automated stage, hand controls and adjustable touch screen user interface.

Controller, which controls the electromechanical system.

Computer that hosts the system application.





Figure 1-1 ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ (two microscope frame configurations shown)

Note: In this manual, illustrations show two different microscope frames for the ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+. This manual includes instructions for using each of the microscope configurations.



THE THINPREP IMAGING SYSTEM PROCESS

Slides that have been prepared for screening are loaded into cassettes which are placed into the Imaging Station. The operator uses a PC keyboard, mouse and monitor to interact with the instrument via a graphic, menu-driven interface.

A slide ID reader scans the accession ID and then the Imaging Station scans the entire ThinPrep cell spot. The system identifies objects of interest found on the slide, based on integrated optical density. (See Figure 1-2, ThinPrep Imaging Process.) The coordinates of 22 of those objects are recorded and the slide is returned to its cassette. Following processing of each cassette of slides, the numeric slide ID and associated data record are sent to the server.

The server acts as the central data manager for the ThinPrep Imaging System. As slides are imaged by the Image Processor and reviewed at the Review Scope Manual+, the server stores, retrieves and transmits information based on the slide ID.

The cytotechnologist (CT) reviews slides at the Review Scope Manual+. The Review Scope Manual+ consists of elements of a standard microscope, augmented with automated capabilities for viewing and electronically marking the microscope slides. The scope contains an optical scanner which reads the slide ID when a slide is loaded on the stage. When a valid slide accession ID has been identified at the Review Scope Manual+, the server sends the object of interest coordinates for that ID and the CT is presented with the 22 fields of view determined for that slide. It is required that the CT review each of these fields of view before completing a slide review. This is termed 'Auto Locate'.



Each field of view is presented to the CT at 10X magnification. The nosepiece also has 4X and 40X objectives, which the CT can switch to manually. Before the next field of view can be presented, the Review Scope Manual+ senses if the 10X objective is engaged in the light path. If not, the system prompts the CT to return the magnification to 10X. This is to ensure that all 22 fields of view will have been presented to the CT at 10X magnification.

Note: The object of interest is typically placed in the center of the field of view, however the CT *must* screen the entire field of each of the 22 fields of view presented.

During slide review, the CT has the option to electronically mark an area for subsequent review and/ or physical marking. One or more electronic marks enforces a review of the entire cell spot, not just the 22 fields of interest. This is termed 'Auto Scan.'

During Auto Scan review, the CT may add or delete electronic marks. Physical marking of the slide coverslip with a pen is done manually by the CT.

The CT has the option to control the position of the stage manually, which provides complete freedom to move any portion of the cell spot into the field of view for examination.





A prepared ThinPrep slide is loaded into a slide cassette, which is loaded into the Image Processing Station.

The cell spot is imaged.



The slide imaging system scans the entire cell spot. The system identifies objects of interest found on the slide.

The coordinates of 22 objects of interest with the highest integrated optical density will be stored in the computer's database.

Slide review by the cytotechnologist

Normal slide



0001234

0000030

1/25/01 12:

ThinPrep®

During Auto Locate the system presents the 22 selected fields of view in geographic order to the cytotechnologist.

Suspect cells may be electronically marked by the CT and a review of the entire cell spot is enforced. The slide is manually marked by the CT. At completion, the slide data is updated with the location of any marked areas as well as information on the review session.

Abnormal slides are reviewed by a cytopathologist for interpretation and diagnosis.



0001234

0000030

1/25/01 12:0

ThinPrep





Specimens for the ThinPrep[®] Pap Test cytology slide are collected by a clinician, then immersed and rinsed in a PreservCyt[®] Solution sample vial. The sample is then capped, labeled and sent to a laboratory equipped with a ThinPrep Processor. The samples are processed on ThinPrep Imaging System slides. After being processed, the slides are stained with ThinPrep Stain.

Please refer to the operator's manuals of these instruments and stain for more information regarding preparation and processing of ThinPrep slides.

Specimen Handling

The ThinPrep slides are stored, transported and handled the same as conventional cytology slides. Please refer to your laboratory guidelines for specimen handling.
REVIEW SCOPE MANUAL+ TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Overview of Components

SECTION

D



- 1. Eyepieces
- 2. Binocular tube
- Revolving nosepiece (4X, 10X, 40X, plus position sensor)
- 4. Motorized stage
- 5. Condenser (under stage)
- 6. Collector
- 7. Coarse/fine focus knob (on left side of microscope)
- 8. Light intensity adjustment knob
- 9. X,Y axis stage control knobs (stage control)

- 10. Microscope power switch (on back left of microscope with black side panel)
- 11. Allen screwdriver (near the controller on the back of the microscope with the black side panel)
- 12. Computer
- 13. Touch screen interface
- 14. Computer power switch
- 15. Controller
- 4X objective (red stripe) 16. Review control
 - 10X objective (yellow stripe)
 - 40X objective (blue stripe)
 - 10X objective position sensor

17. **Note:** The "SET" button on the microscope with the black side panel, shown on the left, is not used. The "LIM" button is also not used and will illuminate, with no effect, if pushed.



Revolving nosepiece

Figure 1-3 Review Scope Manual+ Components (two microscope configurations shown)



Dimensions







ThinPrep[®] Microscope Slide for Use with the Imaging System

The ThinPrep microscope slide is used by the ThinPrep Processor in preparing the patient slide. The slide utilizes fiducial marks, or fixed reference points, which are permanently printed features on the slide that are used to register the slide position on the stage. A coordinate system is based on the fiducial marks, for locating objects of interest on the cell spot.



Figure 1-5 ThinPrep Microscope Slide

Slide Labeling Formats

The formats that the optical scanner on the Review Scope Manual+ can read for the accession ID on the slide label are configured on the Imaging System server. Refer to the Image Processor Operator's Manual for specifications for slide label formats.

Weight

The Review Scope Manual+ including the microscope, controller, computer and all cabling weighs approximately 70 lbs. (32 kg).

Environmental

- **Operating temperature range**
 - 16°C to 32°C (60°F to 90°F)

Non-operating temperature range

-29°C to 50°C (-20°F to 122°F)

Operating humidity range

20% to 80% relative humidity, non-condensing

Non-operating humidity range

15% to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing

Pollution Degree II, in accordance with IEC 61010-1



Category II. The ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ is for indoor use only in an office or a clean laboratory environment.

Altitude

0 meters (sea level) to 2000 meters

Atmospheric pressure

1100 millibar to 500 millibar

Sound levels

Maximum A-weighted sound pressure level at the operator's position and at a bystander's position is 66.2 dBA.

Power

Voltage

100–120V~/220-240V~ single phase, 50–60 Hz ± 5%

Power

Less than 150 Watts (512 Btu/hour) for the microscope and controller, not including the computer

Power cables

Maximum length must be less than 3 m (9.8 ft.).

Fusing

Two 3.15A, 250 VAC, time delay, low break capacity (instrument)

Note: Fuses are not user-accessible and are not intended to be changed by users. Contact Technical Support if the instrument does not operate. Do not remove any covers on the components.

Connections to External Circuits

The external connections from the Review Scope Manual+ to the PC are PELV (Protected Extra Low Voltage) as defined by IEC 61140. Outputs of other devices connected to the PC should also be PELV or SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage). Only devices approved for safety by an appropriate agency should be connected to the PC.

Note: The computer manufacturer provides documentation for the PC. Refer to that for technical specifications. Do not discard.

Safety, EMI and EMC Standards

The ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ has been tested and certified by a U.S. nationally recognized testing Laboratory (NRTL) to comply with current Safety, Electro-Magnetic Interference (EMI) and Electro-Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) standards. Refer to the model/rating label, located on the rear of the controller, to see the safety certification markings. This equipment meets the IEC 61010-2-101 particular safety requirements for IVD equipment.



This equipment meets the emission and immunity requirements of IEC 61326-2-6. This equipment has been tested and found to comply to CISPR 11 Class A emission limits.

In a domestic environment it may cause radio interference, in which case, measures to mitigate the interference may be necessary. The electromagnetic environment should be evaluated prior to operation of the equipment. Do not use this device in close proximity to sources of strong electromagnetic radiation (e.g., unshielded RF sources), as these may interfere with the proper operation.

This product is *in vitro* diagnostic (IVD) medical equipment.

This product contains a device classified per EN 60825-1: 1994, Issue 2, June 1997 as a Class I LED product.



INTERNAL QUALITY CONTROL

Power On Self Test (POST)

At the time the Review Scope Manual+ is powered on, the system goes through a self-diagnostic test. All electrical, mechanical and software systems are tested to confirm each performs properly. The operator is alerted to any malfunction via a message on the user interface. If the system does not function or there are persistent errors, contact Hologic Technical Support (refer to Chapter 7, Service Information).

Post Scan Functional Checks

At the completion of slide review, the instrument will do functional checks to ensure integrity of the data gathered during review. The operator is alerted to any malfunction via a message on the user interface. If the system does not function or there are persistent errors, contact Hologic Technical Support (refer to Chapter 7, Service Information).



F THINPREP REVIEW SCOPE MANUAL+ HAZARDS

The Review Scope Manual+ is intended to be operated in the manner specified in this manual. Be sure to review and understand the information listed below in order to avoid harm to operators and/ or damage to the instrument. Do not operate the instrument with a cover on it.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, then the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Warnings, Cautions and Notes

The terms **WARNING**, **CAUTION** and **Note** have specific meanings in this manual.

- A **WARNING** advises against certain actions or situations that could result in personal injury or death.
- A **CAUTION** advises against actions or situations that could damage equipment, produce inaccurate data or invalidate a procedure, although personal injury is unlikely.
- A *Note* provides useful information within the context of the instructions being provided.



Symbols Used on the Instrument

The following symbols are used on this instrument:

	Attention - refer to accompanying documents	On (Power switch on the microscope)	
	Fuse (Not user-accessible)	Off (Power switch on the microscope)	\supset
	Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Do not dispose in municipal waste Contact Hologic for disposal of the instrument	Lamp intensity adjustment	
IVD	<i>In vitro</i> diagnostic medical device	Standby power (computer)	り
SN	Serial number	USB port icon (computer)	~ →
	Manufacturer	Ethernet port icon (computer)	<u> </u>
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community	Monitor display (computer)	





Location of Labels



Front and Rear of Computer

(Note: The number and exact location of ports may be different, depending on the PC model you have.)

Figure 1-7 Location of Labels on the Instrument



Warnings Used in this Manual

WARNING: Service Installation Only. This instrument is to be installed by trained Hologic personnel only.

WARNING: Grounded Outlet. To ensure safe operation of the instruments use a three-wire grounded outlet.

WARNING: Glass. The instrument uses microscope slides, which have sharp edges. In addition, the slides may be broken in their storage packaging or on the instrument. Use caution when handling glass slides and when cleaning the instrument.



Disposal of consumables

Broken glass. Dispose of in a sharps container.

Disposal of the device

Please contact Hologic Service. (Refer to Chapter 7, Service Information.)

Do not dispose in municipal waste.





Hologic, Inc. 250 Campus Drive Marlborough, MA 01752 USA Tel: 1-800-442-9892 1-508-263-2900 Fax: 1-508-229-2795 Web: www.hologic.com

2. Installation

2. Installation



Chapter Two

Installation

WARNING: Service Installation Only



The ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ must be installed by Hologic service personnel. When installation is complete, Hologic personnel trains the operator(s), using the operator's manual as the training guide.



Remove and read the Operating Instructions Prior to Installation sheet attached to the packing carton.

Inspect the packing cartons for damage. Report any damage immediately to the shipper and/or Hologic Technical Support as soon as possible. (Refer to Chapter 7, Service Information.)

Leave the instrument in the packing cartons for Hologic service installation.

Store the instrument in a suitable environment until installation (cool, dry, vibration-free area).

Note: The computer manufacturer provides documentation for the PC. Refer to that for technical specifications. Do not discard.

C PREPARATION PRIOR TO INSTALLATION

Pre-Installation Site Assessment

A pre-installation site assessment is performed by Hologic service personnel. Be sure to have prepared any and all site configuration requirements as instructed by the service personnel.

The Review Scope Manual+ will require two outlets to power the instrument. Make sure there is adequate electrical supply within 2 meters of the instrument. It must be plugged into a three-prong grounded outlet. Disconnection from the power supply source is by removal of the power cord.

Note: Do not position the instrument so that it is difficult to disconnect the power cords.



Location

The Review Scope Manual+ 'foot print' is approximately 76.2 cm x 61 cm, and <76.2 cm high (30 in. x 24 in., and < 30 in. high). Make sure there is adequate desk space for placing slide flats or containers. (See Figure 2-1.) The instrument is approximately 32 kg (70 pounds). Be sure the table or bench can support the weight.

CAUTION: Route connections carefully to avoid pinching the cables. To avoid tripping over, or disconnecting cabling, do not place cabling near foot traffic.

The Review Scope Manual+ is sensitive to vibrations. It should be placed on a flat, sturdy surface away from any vibrating equipment. Do not restrict normal air flow around the instrument when it is powered on.

If the system is configured with the computer located separately from the microscope, be sure it is in a dust-free area, with easy access to the power switch.



Figure 2-1 A Typical Review Scope Manual+ Configuration

D MOVING THE REVIEW SCOPE MANUAL+

CAUTION: Read and understand this section before moving the Review Scope Manual+.

The Review Scope Manual+ is a precision instrument and should be handled with care. If the system must be moved, the controller and computer PC must be disconnected from one another, moved separately and reconnected at the new location.



The microscope and controller are mechanically and electronically connected and should **NOT be separated.** The cabling between the controller and the computer may be disconnected and reconnected. See Figure 2-2.

Before disconnecting any of the components, be sure to observe how they are originally connected. See Figure 2-2. The connectors must go in the exact ports specified



Figure 2-2 Review Scope Manual+ Interconnections

Note: The computer may be set up to face either side, or with the use of the extension cable set, it can be placed further away from the microscope and controller. The final configuration may look slightly different than Figure 2-2. The cable connections to the computer ports remain the same.



The microscope should be grasped and lifted by the frame housing. Lifting the instrument by the motorized stage will cause damage to the microscope and may render it inoperable. Grasp the frame behind the nosepiece turret as shown in Figure 2-3.

CAUTION: The instrument weighs 32 kg (70 lbs.) and should be moved by at least two people.

CAUTION: Lifting the instrument by the motorized stage will cause damage to the microscope and may render it inoperable.



Figure 2-3 Moving the Review Scope Manual+ (two microscope frame configurations shown)

E CONNECTING REVIEW SCOPE MANUAL+ COMPONENTS

The ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ components must be fully assembled before turning on the power and using the instrument. Hologic service personnel will assemble the instrument:

- Controller
- Computer
- Microscope
- Assemble spacers, trinocular head (optional telescoping head or riser)
- Eyepieces
- Objectives
- User interface touch screen and mounting rail

Controller - controls the electromechanical subsystem.



Computer - hosts the system application.

Microscope - a customized microscope with internal camera for locating slide fiducial marks, slide ID camera, automated stage, stage controls and review control.

The **trinocular head** - a tilting binocular observation tube and a fixed, straight tube for the fiducial mark camera. The light path and camera focus have been optimized by placement of spacers in the assembly of the optical components. Do not add or remove spacers or risers.

One ocular has a diopter adjustment ring to provide common focus capability.

If an optional **telescoping head** is being used, be sure to use the specific riser that Hologic supplies.

If the optional riser is being used, do not use it in conjunction with the telescoping head. Use one or the other, but not both.

CAUTION: Only use Hologic-supplied eyepieces and objective lenses. DO NOT substitute eyepieces or objectives.

Eyepieces - 10X magnification with a field size of 22 mm.

Objectives - 4X, 10X and 40X objectives are mounted on the revolving nosepiece at production. They are specifically compatible with the supplied eyepieces.

The other object in the nosepiece is the magnetic 10X position sensor. It must not be removed.

An optional 20X objective is available. (Refer to Chapter 8, Ordering Information.) It can be installed by the operator. If the 20X objective is installed, the objectives should be positioned as shown in Figure 2-4.



Figure 2-4 Positions of Objectives in the Nosepiece



User interface touch screen and mounting rail - the touch screen height can be adjusted by moving the screen up or down along the mounting rail. The tilt and rotational angle of the screen may be adjusted by loosening the adjustment knobs, changing the tilt and rotation and then tightening each knob.

The network connection (see Figure 1-7) connects the Review Scope Manual+ to a networking device, enabling communication to the ThinPrep Imaging System server. Refer to the Image Processor Operator's Manual for networking restrictions and requirements.

Note: It is the responsibility of the customer to purchase and install the necessary quantities and lengths of Ethernet cable required for networking the Review Scope Manual+ to the Imaging System. Installation configuration should be planned prior to instrument installation.



Adjusting the X,Y Axis Stage Control Knob Tension and Height

The X- and Y-axis stage control knob tension and height may be adjusted to suit the operator's preference. See Figure 2-5.



Figure 2-5 Adjust Substage Controls

The X-axis is adjusted by accessing the adjustment sleeve above the knob. To adjust the X-axis, pull the X- and Y- axis stage control knobs apart to reveal the adjustment sleeve of the X-axis stage control. To loosen the tension for either control, turn the adjustment sleeve counterclockwise. For a tighter tension, turn the sleeve clockwise.

To adjust the height, the X- and Y-axis stage control knobs may be slid downward or upward on the vertical axis of the assembly shaft.

Leave a small gap between the X- and Y-axis stage control knobs, to ensure there is no interference in the movement of either knob.

Adjust the Review Control Position

The review control may be positioned closer or further from the stage axis controls via an adjustment slot. See Figure 2-5.

Using the Allen screwdriver that comes with the Review Scope Manual+ (see Figure 1-3), loosen but do not remove the Allen screw that holds the review control to the mounting bracket.

Slide the review control along the slot to where it feels most comfortable for your hand position.

The review control may also be rotationally adjusted, if desired. Tighten the Allen screw with the screwdriver after adjusting the review control position.



F POWER ON THE REVIEW SCOPE MANUAL+

WARNING: Grounded Outlet

To ensure safe operation of the instrument use a three-wire grounded outlet.

Note: All power cords must be plugged into a grounded outlet. Disconnection from the power supply source is by removal of the power cord.

It is important to apply power to the Review Scope Manual+ system in the correct order.

- 1. First power on the microscope.
- 2. Then power on the computer.



Figure 2-6 Power Switches

On the microscope frame with the black panels, the power switch for the Review Scope Manual+ is located on the back left of the microscope. On the microscope frame with the grey panel, the power switch for the Review Scope Manual+ is located on the right side of the housing just behind the binoculars. Press the switch to the on position.

Then press the power button on the computer. Allow the instrument to initialize. While the instrument boots up and does self checks, a splash screen is displayed, Figure 2-7. Status messages during



boot up are displayed on the lower left of the screen (For example, doing self test, etc.) The system software version is displayed on the lower right of the screen.

CAUTION: Moving Parts



Figure 2-7 Review Scope Manual+ Startup Screen

The instrument is ready for use when the application main screen is displayed (Figure 2-8).



Figure 2-8 Application Main Screen





Refer to User Interface chapter, "User Preferences" on page 3.11.



The Review Scope Manual+ may be stored in the location where it was installed. When it is not in use, the power should be turned off. Cover the instrument with the provided microscope dust cover.



Normal Shutdown



Figure 2-9 Shutdown

It is important to shut down the system in the correct order.

To shut down the Review Scope Manual+:

- 1. Log out if you haven't already.
- 2. From the startup screen, press the **Shut Down** button in the upper right corner.





Figure 2-10 Confirm Shutdown

- 3. A confirmation prompt is displayed. (See Figure 2-10.) Press the **No** button to cancel shutdown and return to the main screen.
- 4. Press the **Yes** button to shut down the system. This will shut down the application and turn off the computer.
- 5. Turn off the power switch on the instrument. (See Figure 2-6.)

Extended Shutdown

If the instrument is to be shut down for an extended amount of time or be taken out of service, shut down as described in Normal Shutdown. Remove any slides that may be on the stage. Completely remove power by unplugging the controller power cord and the computer cord from the power outlet. Cover the instrument with the provided dust cover.



This page intentionally left blank.

3. User Interface

3. User Interface



Chapter Three

User Interface



The ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ is used to review ThinPrep Pap Test cervical cytology microscope slides that have been imaged by the ThinPrep Imaging System. The instrument may also be used as a conventional microscope, for viewing slides not associated with the ThinPrep imaging process.

The Review Scope Manual+ enables the user to administer certain functions, such as user preferences and some system settings. The user interacts with the instrument via a touch screen graphic interface.

Refer to Figure 3-1 for an overview of the workflow options.



Figure 3-1 Overview of Review Scope Manual+ Menu



This chapter introduces the user interface modules of the Review Scope Manual+ and describes the usage of each. It is recommended that users acquaint themselves with the material in this chapter before operating the instrument.

The content found in this chapter:

STARTUP
ADMINISTRATIVE OPTIONS
• System Errors
• Slide Search
• Language
LOGIN
MAIN MENU
USER PREFERENCES
• Scan Direction
• Scan Overlap
• Scan Type
• Speed
• Sound
• Mark Indicator
START





Figure 3-2 Startup Display

When the Review Scope Manual+ is powered on and ready for use, the screen display will appear as it does in Figure 3-2.

The options available from this interface are:

- Admin Options System errors may be viewed, from most recent to oldest, up to 100 entries. A slide search function is available for searching for slides that have been reviewed. The language for the user interface and reports may be selected.
- Service This is a password-protected module for use by Hologic service personnel only.
- Login Enter a user ID to access the system for Slide Review functions. Refer to "LOGIN" on page 3.9.
- **Shut Down** This is how to turn off the Review Scope Manual+. Refer to "SYSTEM SHUT-DOWN" on page 2.10.
- **Manual Slide Review** Without logging in, the user may look at slides as on a conventional microscope. The stage is maneuvered by the manual stage controls. No data is retrieved or transmitted to the database.
- **Note:** The Review Scope Manual+ must be powered on to manually review slides. The light source, stage and X, Y axis stage control knobs are powered by the system controller.

USER INTERFACE

SECTION **ADMINISTRATIVE OPTIONS**

Administrative Options					
Instrument: 1270002G08DP Usage Summary: 42 Slides reviewed					
			ß		
System Errors	Slide Search	English			
Done					

Figure 3-3 Administrative Options Screen

The Administrative Options screen displays

- Instrument serial number
- Usage summary
- System errors •
- Slide Search
- Language •

С

Instrument Serial Number

The instrument is given a unique serial number at the factory. This is not user -changeable.

Usage Summary

The Usage Summary displays the number of slide reviews that have been performed on the instrument. It does not include manual slide reviews that were performed off-line.

System Errors



Figure 3-4 System Errors Button



The System Errors screen displays all of the error conditions encountered during slide review (100 are stored at one time). See Figure 3-5. The events are listed from most recent to oldest. Use the up/down arrows to scroll through the list using the touch screen.

	System Events				
Instrument serial	Instrument: 127	70002G08DP	Report Date: 07/15/08		Current date
number	Event ID	Date/Time	Software Version	_	Coffuero version
	11303	07/03/08 3:48 AM	1.0.16.0		Sollware version
	11308	07/03/08 6:02 AM	1.0.16.0		
List of system	6630	07/03/08 6:04 AM	1.0.16.0		
events	16200	07/08/08 3:36 PM	1.0.16.0		Carall hutton
	16100	07/08/08 3:37 PM	1.0.16.0		Scroll button
	6907	07/08/08 3:38 PM	1.0.16.0		
	16200	07/08/08 3:42 PM	1.0.16.0		
	6907	07/08/08 5:43 PM	1.0.16.0		
Press the Done button to return to the Adminis- trative Options screen.	Done		ini Skolitičko-co:		

Figure 3-5 System Events Screen

Slide Search



Figure 3-6 Slide Search Button

To search for a specific slide, enter the slide ID using the keypad buttons. See Figure 3-7. Press the **Continue** button when ready to perform the search.

Note: Only enter the first 11 digits of the number. Do not type in the last three CRC digits.

Entering slide IDs

Depending on which configuration of the Imaging System server the Review Scope Manual+ is connected to, the keypad will be numeric or will have a **Switch Keys** button, which allows the user access to alternate keypads. Use these alternate keypads to enter a slide ID that contains alphanumerics or special characters. See Figure 3-8.



Press **Switch Keys** to access alpha or character keypads. (Not available with some server configurations.)







Numeric keypad

Alphabetic keypad

Special characters' keypad

Figure 3-8 Alternate Keypads



Figure 3-9 Slide Search Results

If a slide with that ID is in the system database, it is retrieved and listed with any available data for that ID:

- The slide ID number
- Date and time the slide was imaged
- The status of the image status (OK, failed)
- The User ID (who was logged onto the Review Scope Manual+)
- Date and time when the review was performed
- Full review of the slide conducted (Auto Scan) is indicated by a

Language



Figure 3-10 Language Button

Press the **Language** button to change the language that is displayed on the user interface and on the reports.



Language					
Select a language					
Dansk	Deutsch				
O English	Español				
Français	Italiano				
Nederlands	Norsk				
Português	Svenska				
Done					

Cancel button to quit the language screen and return to the Settings display. No changes apply.

Figure 3-11 Select Language Screen

Press the button for the desired language, and press the **Done** button to immediately apply the setting.





Figure 3-12 Login Screen

To access the Slide Review functions of the Review Scope Manual+, a three-digit operator ID must be entered.

Press the digits on the display keypad and touch **Continue** when done.

Use the **Delete** key to clear mistakes. To cancel login and return to the startup screen, press the **Back** button.

As soon as the number is entered, the system database checks that it is a valid operator ID. Any user preferences that have been saved with that ID will be active.

The message "Invalid User ID" might occur if the three-digit number was entered incorrectly, if there is no user ID with that number, or if that number has been retired.



SECTION

Е

MAIN MENU, (Logged In)



Figure 3-13 Main Menu Screen

Successful login will display the main screen. The name of the user who logged in is shown on the screen. Just below the name is the date and time that login started. The options available from this interface are:

- User Preferences this module allows the cytotechnologist to adjust some of the parameters for automated slide review, such as scan direction, overlap, type, speed and sound alerts. Refer to "USER PREFERENCES" on page 3.11.
- **Start** to begin using the instrument to review a slide, press the **Start** button. Refer to "Operation" on page 4.1.
- **Logout** to end the session with the Review Scope Manual+, press the **Logout** button. The system will return to the Startup screen. The instrument may be powered off or a user may log in to begin a new session.



SECTION USER PREFERENCES



Figure 3-14 User Preferences Screen

The User Preferences module allows the cytotechnologist to customize preferences for Slide Review. These are settings for Auto Scan and maximum speed for Auto Locate, plus the audible beep volume and mark indicator. Once settings have been adjusted and saved, they will remain that way from session to session until they are changed again. The preferences are associated with each user ID. If there are multiple users of a Review Scope Manual+, the preferences associated with each user ID will be uploaded at Login.

Auto Scan Settings

Direction

F



Figure 3-15 Select Stage Movement Direction

The direction of the stage movement during Auto Scan may be selected. Press the **Direction** button to toggle between the choices of Direction Up-Down or Direction Left-Right. (Figure 3-15.) To view the selection through the eyepieces, ensure the 10X objective is used, load a slide in the slide holder for reference, and press the **Preview** button.



From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.

Overlap



Figure 3-16 Select Auto Scan Overlap

Auto Scan overlap may be selected. This sets how much the fields of view overlap from row to row during Auto Scan of the cell spot. (Default is minimum.)

Press the **Overlap** button repeatedly to toggle between the choices of minimum, medium or maximum overlap. (Figure 3-16.) To view the selection through the eyepieces, ensure the 10X objective is in position, load a slide in the slide holder for reference, and press the **Preview** button.

From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.

Туре

The Auto Scan function presents the entire cell spot in a defined path at 10X magnification. Three types of scan motion are selectable:

- Automatic Start/Stop
- Semiautomatic Start/Stop
- Manual+



Auto Scan - Automatic Start/Stop



Figure 3-17 Select Auto Start/Stop Scan

Scan motion is initiated by the Review Scope Manual+ and consists of a series of discrete, overlapping fields of view, including a pause at each view.

The movement of the stage speed from field of view (FOV) to field of view may be adjusted faster or slower by repeatedly pressing the -5 or +5 buttons to slow or increase the speed. (See Figure 3-17.)

The length of pause at the field of view may be adjusted to be shorter or longer by repeatedly pressing the **-5** or **+5** buttons to define the pause. (See Figure 3-17.)

To preview the setting, press the **Done** button, and then press the **Preview** button on the User Preferences screen.

To view the selection through the eyepieces, load a slide in the slide holder for reference, ensure the 10X objective is in position, and press the **Preview** button. Observe the stage movement.

To pause the scan, scroll the review control forward or press the **Pause** button on the touch screen. Also, changing the magnification will cause the scan to pause. To resume the scan, scroll the review control forward again or press the **Resume** button on the touch screen.

During scan pause, the X, Y axis stage controls are available to move the view about the cell spot. Upon resuming, the area of review will return to the part of the cell spot where you left off and continue to present the rest of the cell spot. The display on the touch screen is shown below.

Press the **Cancel Scan** button on the touch screen to stop the preview.




Figure 3-18 Automatic Scan Mode Preview

Continue to adjust and preview the stage speed and length of pause for viewing until they are satisfactory. Press the **Done** button to save the settings and return to the User Preferences screen.

From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.

Auto Scan - Semiautomatic Start/Stop



return to User Preferences screen.





Using the **Next** function on the hand control, the user initiates the scan motion, which is a series of discrete, overlapping fields of view. The Auto Scan stops at each field of view and remains there until the user activates the **Next** function again.

The movement of the stage speed from field of view (FOV) to field of view may be adjusted faster or slower by repeatedly pressing the -5 or +5 buttons to slow or increase the speed. (Figure 3-19.)

To preview the setting, press the **Done** button, and then press the **Preview** button on the User Preferences screen.

To view the selection through the eyepieces, load a slide in the slide holder for reference, and press the **Preview** button. Observe how the stage advances each time the review control is scrolled forward (Next) or backward (Previous).

In between stage movements, the X- and Y-axis stage controls are available to move about the cell spot. Upon resuming, the field of view will return to the part of the cell spot where you left off and the scan will resume along the row.

Press the **Cancel Scan** button on the touch screen to stop the preview.

The display on the touch screen is shown below.



Scan is always paused. It only advances when the **Next** or **Previous** function is activated via review control or touch screen.

Figure 3-20 Semiautomatic Scan Mode Preview

Continue to adjust and preview the stage speed until it is satisfactory. Press the **Done** button to save the settings and return to the User Preferences screen.

From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.



Auto Scan - Manual+



The user manually moves along the row using the stage control knob and pauses as desired. No speed settings are necessary.

Figure 3-21 Select Manual+ Auto Scan

The user provides the scan motion by using the X- or Y-axis stage control knob (depending on which Scan Direction has been selected) to traverse the row. The other knob is disabled. At the end of the row, the stage automatically moves to the next row.

To preview the setting, press the **Done** button, and then press the **Preview** button on the User Preferences screen.

To view the selection through the eyepieces, load a slide in the slide holder for reference, and press the **Preview** button. Observe movement of the stage as the X- (or Y-) axis stage control knob is moved.

Pause the scan in one of three ways:

- Scroll the review control forward
- Change the magnification
- Touch the **Pause** button on the touch screen

Both axis stage control knobs will be activated and the user can move about the cell spot.

Note: The Auto Scan must be resumed from pause in order to complete the scan.

To resume Auto Scan:

- Scroll the review control forward
- Or touch the **Resume** button on the touch screen



Upon resuming, the field of view will return to the part of the cell spot where you left off and the scan will resume along the row. The display on the touch screen is shown below.

Press the Cancel Scan button on the touch screen to stop the preview.



Figure 3-22 Manual+ Scan Mode Preview

Press the **Done** button to save the setting and return to the User Preferences screen.

From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.

Auto Locate Speed



The Auto Locate Speed setting adjusts how quickly the stage moves from field to field during presentation of the 22 fields of view. The stage moves to each field of view and stops until the user presses the **Next** function.





Figure 3-23 Adjust Auto Locate Speed

The movement of the stage speed from field of view (FOV) to field of view may be adjusted faster or slower by repeatedly pressing the -5 or +5 buttons to slow or increase the speed. (Figure 3-23.)

To view the selection through the eyepieces, load a slide in the slide holder for reference, and press the **Preview** button. Observe the speed at which the stage advances. The preview displayed on the touch screen is shown below.



Figure 3-24 Auto Locate Speed Preview Screen



To stop the preview, press the **Cancel** button on the touch screen.

Continue to adjust and preview the stage speed until it is satisfactory. Press the **Done** button to save the settings and return to the User Preferences screen.

From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.

Sound



The volume of the audible beep may be increased or decreased.



Figure 3-25 Adjust Sound Screen

Press the **Preview** button to hear the beep.

The volume of the beep may be adjusted quieter or louder by repeatedly pressing the **-5** or **+5** buttons to decrease or increase the volume. (Figure 3-25.) Test it by pressing the **Preview** button to hear the beep. To disable the audible beep, adjust it to its lowest setting.



Continue to adjust and preview the beep volume until it is satisfactory. Press the **Done** button to save the setting and return to the User Preferences screen.

From the User Preferences screen, press **Save Changes** to retain your preference now, or continue to set your next preference.

Mark Indicator



Figure 3-26 Mark Indicator Button

When an electronic mark is made via the review control or the touch screen, it is indicated by the instrument either as a blink (seen through the binoculars as the light source turning off then on) or as a beep (heard as an audible alert). Use this setting to select which indicator is enabled.



Mark Indicator - blink selected

Mark Indicator - beep selected

Figure 3-27 Select Blink or Beep Mark Indicator

When the review control or touch screen is pressed to make a mark, the indicator will blink or beep once. If it is pressed again to unmark the area, the indicator blinks or beeps twice, to differentiate.

Note: The volume of the beep is the same as the sound volume setting in the user preferences.

Therefore, if an audible beep is desired to indicate end of Auto Locate and end of Auto Scan, it will also be heard for mark/unmark.

If the audible beep is turned too low to hear, then it will not be heard for Auto Locate, Auto Scan and mark/unmark.



Reset to Default



Figure 3-28 Reset to Default Button

User preferences may be reset to the factory defaults by pressing the **Reset to Default** button. System defaults are:

- Direction left/right
- Overlap minimum
- Auto Scan type Auto Start/Stop
- Auto Locate speed 90% (of stage movement capability)
- Stage speed between fields of view 50%
- Time spent at each field of view 50%
- Sound 50% of beep volume
- Mark Indicator blink





Press the **Start** button to begin review of a slide.

Refer to Chapter 4, Operation for instructions on operating the Review Scope Manual+.



This page intentionally left blank.

4. Operation

4. Operation



<u>Chapter</u> Four

Operation



The ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ is used to review ThinPrep Pap Test cervical cytology microscope slides that have been imaged by the ThinPrep Imaging System. The slides are reviewed by a cytotechnologist (CT). The instrument may also be used as a conventional microscope, for viewing slides not associated with the ThinPrep imaging process.

Slide Review

Auto Review

In this manual, Auto Review refers to a slide review in which the Review Scope Manual+:

- scans the slide ID number from the slide
- communicates with the database for appropriate slide data record
- makes use of the Auto Locate function (where the 22 fields of view identified by the imaging process are presented to the cytotechnologist)
- makes use of the Auto Scan function, as required or desired
- writes slide data record to the database at conclusion of slide review

(Refer to Figure 4-1 for a graphical representation of the typical slide review process.)

Subsequent Review

A slide that has undergone Auto Review may be reviewed again, making use of the Auto Locate, review and Auto Scan functions. Further electronic marks may be added (to a maximum of 30 marks on a slide), but no previous marks may be removed. The slide data record will be revised in the database at the conclusion of the review.

Note: Slides previously screened either via Auto Review or manually may always be examined again manually.

Manual Review

Manual Review refers to a slide review in which:

• patient slide data is not retrieved from or communicated to the database



- a review of the entire cell spot is conducted by the CT, manually operating the illumination, focus, magnification and stage movement
- there is no update of the slide data record in the database

Slide Data Record

The slide data record is the accumulation of all imaging and review events the slide encounters. The Usage Summary and Slide Search reports are generated from data that is in the slide data record. A slide data record is generated when a valid slide ID is accepted into the Imaging System's database. Items that are associated with the slide data record include:

- Date/time stamp when Imaging began and ended (even if imaging was unsuccessful)
- Serial number of the Image Processor that imaged the slide
- Fiducial mark coordinates
- Field of view coordinates
- Date/time stamp when slide review began and ended (including subsequent reviews)
- Serial number of the Review Scope Manual+ that reviewed the slide
- Operator ID for each review of the slide (including subsequent reviews)
- Status whether Auto Scan was completed for each review
- Electronic mark coordinates





Figure 4-1 Typical Slide Review Process

OPERATION

B MATERIALS REQUIRED PRIOR TO OPERATION

- Prepared ThinPrep Pap Test microscope slides
- ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+
- Marking pen for slide marking

Important Operational Notes:

- During Auto Locate, always examine the **entire** Field of View.
- Marking the slide the slides are manually marked by the CT. Follow your laboratory's guidelines for marking slides. It is recommended that at least Auto Locate is completed prior to making any physical marks.

C USING THE TOUCH SCREEN AND REVIEW CONTROLS

Touch Screen

The touch screen can be adjusted higher or lower from the desktop by sliding it up or down along its mounting rail. The screen will stay at the height it is left at. The range is between 12.7 to 30.4 cm (5 to 12 inches) above the desktop.

The touch screen horizontal or vertical tilt may be adjusted to fit user preferences. See Figure 4-2. Turn the adjustment knob to loosen and adjust the tilt, then tighten the knob when the screen is in the desired position.





Adjust vertical axis tilt using the adjustment knob at the top of the rail.



Adjust horizontal axis tilt using the adjustment knob on the rear of the screen.

Figure 4-2 Touch Screen Horizontal and Vertical Axes Adjustment (two microscope configurations shown)

Review Control

The review control has a scroll wheel that acts like the scroll wheel found on a computer mouse. It enables the operator to execute the main review functions (Next, Previous, Mark) without having to take their eyes away from the binoculars.





Figure 4-3 The Review Control

The review functions are:

Next	used to advance through functions used to pause/resume stage motion during Auto Scan used to adjust user preference settings
Previous	used to return to fields of view during review used to adjust user preference settings
Mark	used to electronically mark or unmark areas for dotting





To begin slide review, log in to the system with a valid user ID. Press the **Start** button.



Figure 4-4 Log In and Start

A message on the screen prompts for a slide to be loaded onto the stage.



Figure 4-5 Load Slide Screen



Load a slide into the slide holder on the stage. Open the slide clip with one hand, and place the slide into the holder with the other hand. The slide is loaded with the label on the left. Let the slide clip hold the slide against the back and side of the holder for the best registration. See Figure 4-6.



Figure 4-6 Load Slide

Press the **Continue** button when ready. The system scans the slide ID. It compares it with the database (Figure 4-7).



Figure 4-7 Reading Slide ID

OPERATION 4



Slide ID successfully scanned. The slide has not been reviewed.

Press **Review Slide** to continue with slide review. Press **Cancel** to return to the Load Slide screen.



Slide ID successfully scanned. The slide has already been reviewed. Press **Review Slide** to proceed with a subsequent review. (Refer to "Subsequent Review" on page 4.16.) Press **Cancel** to return to the Load Slide screen.

Figure 4-8 Read Slide ID Results

After reading the slide ID and finding it in the database, the status of the slide is displayed:

- The slide has been imaged and not reviewed, or
- The slide has been imaged and already been reviewed
- *Note:* Refer to Chapter 6, Troubleshooting if any other message or screen is displayed.
- **Note:** During slide review, the CT may proceed through all of the fields of view in Auto Locate without looking away from the microscope. The review control scroll wheel has the same control functions that are displayed as touch buttons on the user interface. The user interface is only a graphic representation of the review process. Touch screen input is only required at the transition from Auto Locate to Auto Scan, as described in this section.



Auto Locate

The Auto Locate feature presents the 22 fields of interest that have been identified by the Imaging system. The fields are presented in geographic order as they are located on the slide, not by any significance in ranking. The CT must scan the <u>entire</u> field of view for each of the 22 fields that are presented.

CAUTION: Scan the entire field of view

Every field is presented at 10X magnification. At each location the operator may:

- focus as necessary
- manually switch to a different objective
- move about the cell spot using the stage control knobs
- return to the previous location by activating **Previous** using the review control or the touch screen
- add and remove electronic marks by pressing **Mark** using the review control or the touch screen

To advance to the next location, the 10X objective must be in the engaged position. Activate **Next** using the review control or the touch screen.

Note: The speed that the stage moves from location to location when **Next** or **Previous** is used is a user-adjustable preference. Refer to "Auto Locate Speed" on page 3.17.



Auto Locate Cancel Cancel button, to 22 fields of interest are end slide review and graphically reprereturn to the Load sented. 08149779999 10/10/08 Slide screen As each location is vis-The slide ID and the ited, the dot changes. 0 date of imaging. Previous button, to go Number of electronic back one field of view marks made. Next button, to pro-Current area - which ceed to next field of field of view is pre-Next Mark sented Mark button, to electronically mark an area of interest. Auto Locate Cancel Number of elec-08149779999 10/10/08 Auto Locate in progtronic marks ress: electronic marks made display as yellow dot with an x. Current area -14 which field of view is presented Previous Next Mark

> Do not remove the slide from the stage during Auto Locate. To end slide review before finishing, press the Cancel button.

Figure 4-9 Auto Locate Screen

Mark Indicator

view

The mark indicator is set up in User Preferences as either a blink in the field of view or an audible beep (page 3.20).

When the review control or touch screen is pressed to make a mark, the indicator will blink or beep once. If it is pressed again to unmark the area, the indicator blinks or beeps twice, to differentiate.

Note: The audible beep that indicates mark/unmark is the same beep for the audible alarm. The beep volume is adjusted via user preference (page 3.19).

ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ Operator's Manual





Auto Locate complete with no marks made

Figure 4-10 Auto Locate Complete

When all 22 fields have been viewed, an audible beep will sound. The display indicates the Auto Locate function is complete. The system is in a paused state. You may go to previous locations and continue to mark and unmark. See Figure 4-10.

Note: If a check for specimen adequacy or endocervical component is indicated, do it now before leaving Auto Locate. See the next section.

Specimen Adequacy

After presenting the 22 fields of interest in the Auto Locate mode, the stage positions the field of view at the topmost edge of the cell spot and stops. On the user interface, the path through the fields of view is removed. See Figure 4-11.



Figure 4-11 Stage in Position for Specimen Adequacy Check



The system does not determine specimen adequacy; use your standard lab protocol. To estimate the cellularity of the preparation in scantly cellular specimens, a specimen adequacy check can be performed. In accordance with Bethesda 2001 criteria¹, a minimum of 10 fields should be counted along a diameter of the cell spot that includes the center. Dependent upon the microscope objective used, use the chart below and count the average number of cells in each field.

Use the stage control knobs to traverse the cell spot.

		FN 22 Eyepiece/ 10X Objective		FN 22 Eyepiece/ 40X Objective	
PREP DIAM mm	AREA	Total Number of Fields	Number of Cells per Field for 5,000 Total	Total Number of Fields	Number of Cells per Field for 5,000 Total
20	314.2	82.6	60.5	1322	3.8

Press the **Continue** button to proceed:

- Auto Scan if any marks were made or further review is desired
- complete the review if no marks were made and no further review is desired
- press the **Cancel** button to cancel the review (No slide data will be written to the database.)

Review Marks

If electronic marks were made during review of the 22 fields of interest, they can be reviewed prior to proceeding with Auto Scan. This is an optional step. Press the **Review Marks** button on the touch screen. The stage will present the marks in the order they were made. Use **Next** and **Previous** to move among the locations. Marks may be added or deleted at this time.

^{1.} Bethesda 2001 Workshop Recommendations. The Bethesda System for Reporting Cervical Cytology, Second edition, 2004, Spring Science and Business Media, LLC.





Figure 4-12 Review Marks Screen

Auto Scan

CAUTION: Auto Scan must be done if any electronic marks have been made.

If electronic marks were made during review of the 22 fields of interest, a review of the entire cell spot is required. If no marks were made, a scan of the entire cell spot is available but not required.

The Auto Scan feature presents the entire cell spot in a defined path at 10X objective. During Auto Scan the operator may:

- focus as necessary
- pause and resume stage motion
- manually switch to a different objective
- move about the cell spot using the stage control knobs
- advance to the next location by pressing the **Next** button using the review control or the touch screen (in Semiautomatic mode)
- return to the previous location by pressing the **Previous** button using the review control or the touch screen (in Semiautomatic mode)
- add and remove electronic marks by pressing the **Mark** button using the review control or the touch screen
- **Note:** Preferences for scan mode must be set up ahead of time, in the user preference menu (i.e., scan type, speed, overlap, etc.). Refer to "User Preferences" on page 3.11.

At the Auto Locate Complete screen, press the **Continue** button.





Figure 4-13 Auto Scan Screen (Automatic scan type shown)

Depending on the type of scan mode that is chosen, the stage motion is user-initiated or self-driven. Use the scroll wheel on the review control or buttons on the touch screen to pause and resume stage motion as desired. Electronic marks may be added, removed or left as is.

- Automatic Start/Stop: the stage moves and pauses automatically. To enforce a pause to view an object longer or to manually maneuver about the cell spot, move the scroll wheel forward to pause, and forward again to resume. To make an electronic mark, pause the scan and press the scroll wheel.
- **Semiautomatic Start/Stop**: the stage only moves to the next view by operator prompt. Move the scroll wheel forward for each movement of the stage. Move the scroll wheel back to move to a previous view. Press the scroll wheel to make an electronic mark.
- **Manual+** : The operator moves along the length of each row by using the stage control knob. You are constrained to that row until the end has been reached, and then the instrument automatically moves over to the next row. To manually maneuver to an object during Auto Scan, move the scroll wheel forward to pause Auto Scan. Move the scroll wheel forward again, to resume Auto Scan. To make an electronic mark, pause the scan and press the scroll wheel.

When the entire cell spot has been scanned, an audible beep will sound. To finish the review, touch the **Complete Review** button on the touch screen. See Figure 4-14.

Note: Do not remove the slide from the stage during Auto Scan. To end Auto Scan before finishing, press the **Cancel Scan** button.

The user interface returns to the Auto Locate Complete screen.





Figure 4-14 Auto Scan Complete

The operator may:

- press **Review Marks** to see the electronically marked locations again
- manually mark the slide
- *Note:* To facilitate marking the slide with the marking pen, press the **Review Marks** button and mark as each location is presented to you.
 - press **Complete Review** to save the slide review data to the database and return to the main screen
 - press **Cancel Scan** to end slide review and return to the Auto Locate Complete screen.

Subsequent Review

A slide that has already been reviewed may be reviewed again. When the slide ID is scanned, the slide data record is retrieved from the database. See Figure 4-15.



Figure 4-15 Slide Previously Reviewed

Press the **Review Slide** button to continue with review of the slide. The review goes in the same order as an initial review: Auto Locate and then Auto Scan with a chance to review marks. Auto Scan and Auto Locate are optional during a subsequent review.



Figure 4-16 Auto Locate During Subsequent Review

Auto Locate presents the same 22 fields of interest that have been identified by the Imaging System. (The coordinates are stored as part of the slide data record.) If electronic marks have been made during previous review(s), they are indicated as highlighted areas on the graphic interface.

More electronic marks may be added, up to a total of 30 on a slide. No previous mark can be eliminated.



E

The operator may review marks, perform an Auto Scan, complete review or skip to the Auto Locate Complete screen.

The slide data record will be updated to reflect:

- The time/date stamp that is written to the database at the time the slide is reviewed
- The user ID of the operator who conducted the review ٠
- Coordinates of any electronic marks that were are added during the review •

To leave Auto Locate before all 22 fields have been viewed, press the **Skip** button. This will transition to the Auto Locate complete screen. Then press the Cancel button. No data is saved to the server.

SECTION **REVIEW OF SLIDES NOT FOR USE WITH THINPREP IMAGING**

If the Review Scope Manual+ is used to look at slides not used with the ThinPrep® Imaging system, the power must be on in order for the controller to power the illumination, stage and X,Y axis stage controls.

The stage motion, focus, magnification and illumination are all manually adjusted by the user. Follow your lab protocols for handling and screening of slides not for use with the ThinPrep Imaging System.

5. Maintenance

5. Maintenance



Chapter Five

Maintenance



CAUTION: Do not use strong solvents on painted or plastic surfaces.

When not using the microscope, keep it covered with the provided dust cover.

Wipe down the exterior housing of the microscope monthly or as needed with a lint-free wipe dampened with water.

Clean the eyepieces and lenses as necessary with lens paper.

Using a cotton or foam-tipped swab, clean the slide holder, the slide registration edges and the top surface of the stage with xylene or a suitable solvent that will remove mounting medium. (Do not drip the cleaning agent on painted surfaces or plastic.) Remove any glass dust from these areas.

The top surface of the slide holder has perforations that are used to perform functional checks. It is critical that these remain free of dust or debris. See Figure 5-1. Use a can of compressed air to blow away any matter that might settle into or block these holes.

Additionally, use compressed air to blow dust off of the collector lens and the top surface of the condenser lens.

Note: For systems with the white plastic ring that covers the condenser lens, be sure not to lose the ring. Either remove it before air dusting, or hold it down with a finger while cleaning.



Figure 5-1 Functional Check Features To Be Kept Clean

Note: Do not detach or remove any covers or panels on the microscope, controller or computer.





Keeping the Review Scope Manual+ in good Koehler alignment will help optimize the proper illumination and contrast. It aids CT slide review by reducing extraneous light.



Figure 5-2 Koehler Alignment

- 1. Lower the condenser down one inch below the stage by adjusting the condenser height knob.
- 2. Load a slide with stained cells into the slide holder (with the slide label on the left).
- 3. Focus on the cells using the 10X objective and observing through the fixed focus ocular on the right.
- 4. Reduce the collector (field iris) to its smallest aperture diameter by rotating the diaphragm collar counterclockwise.
- 5. Focus (sharpen the contrast of the edges of the aperture) by adjusting the condenser height up or down.
- 6. Open the collector (field iris) aperture until it is slightly smaller than the field of view.
- 7. Rotate the two condenser centering thumbscrews to center the aperture.
- 8. Adjust the condenser height until sharp, crisp edges are observed.
- 9. Open the collector aperture until it just disappears from view.

6. Troubleshooting

6. Troubleshooting



Chapter Six

Troubleshooting



INVALID SLIDE ID

When a slide is placed on the stage and **Start** is pressed, the Review Scope Manual+ reads the slide ID via the ID reader. A slide ID that is read but considered invalid will not be imaged or reviewed. Reasons for an invalid ID are:

- Not the correct number of digits in the slide ID number OCR format labels require 14 digits in a 7-over-7 row format.
- The label is damaged, illegible or missing.
- OCR format label may have a missing or bad CRC (last three digits of the 14-digit format).
- Barcode format might bear a restricted character or is the wrong length. Refer to the Image Processor Operator's Manual for specifications for slide label formats.

Press the **OK** button to clear the message from the display. Check the label format.



FAILED TO READ SLIDE ID



Figure 6-1 Failed to Read Slide ID

When a slide is placed on the stage and **Start** is pressed, the Review Scope Manual+ reads the slide ID via the ID reader. A slide ID may not be read if:



Use the keypad to enter the Slide ID

(OCR format in this

example).

- The label format is not compatible with the system.
- The label is damaged, illegible or missing.
- Mechanical failure of the slide ID reader device
- The slide ID label format on the server (Data Management Menu/Lab Settings) is set to a different format than the slide labels being scanned. Reset the server to the corresponding format.

After attempting to scan the slide ID and failing, a message is displayed:

Press the **OK** button. The system will present a keypad for manual entry of a valid slide ID.

Using the keypad, enter the entire slide ID. Press the **Continue** button when done. See Figure 6-2.



Figure 6-2 Manually Enter the Slide ID

Note: The slide ID must be in a valid format for use on the Review Scope Manual+. In this instance, when entering the slide ID, enter all 14 digits, which includes the CRC.

If the slide ID is already in the database, the Auto Locate screen is displayed.

Continue to review the slide as usual. At the end of slide review, when the system would normally scan the ID to confirm identity of the slide, a message prompts the user to confirm the slide ID.



Press **Yes** if the slide ID is correct. The slide review completes, and the Load Next Slide screen appears.

Press **No** if the ID is not correct. The slide review data will not be written to the database. The slide ID must be reconciled with your records.

Contact Technical Support if this error persists.

SECTION

С

SLIDE ID MISMATCH WHILE COMPLETING THE REVIEW



Figure 6-4 Slide ID Mismatch

At the end of a slide review, the system scans the slide ID and compares it with the ID that it read at the beginning of the review. If the slide ID does not match, or it cannot read the slide ID, the review data is not saved to the database, and this error message is displayed. This may be caused by:

- Removal of the slide from the stage during review
- Malfunction of the slide ID reader



Note: Proper slide preparation is critical to the success of imaging by the Imaging System. If your laboratory does any of the ThinPrep[®] slide preparation processes, please consult the appropriate user documentation that came with the equipment.

Recoverable Errors

Recoverable errors are system errors that the Review Scope Manual+ can recover from with user intervention. The instrument will halt operation and present a message on the user interface. The user acknowledges the message and continues operation of the scope. The error is logged to the system error log.

Non-recoverable Errors

Non-recoverable errors are system errors that prevent the Review Scope Manual+ from operating properly. The system will stop operation and log the error to the database. The system will need to be restarted to recover. Some of these errors or repeated errors will require field service assistance. Figure 6-5 is an example of a non-recoverable error message.



Figure 6-5 Non-recoverable Error Example

If the system must be restarted to recover from an error condition, acknowledge the error message by pressing the **OK** button. The user interface transitions to a restricted version of the main screen, with only the **Restart**, **Shut Down** and **Service** buttons enabled. See Figure 6-6.


Figure 6-6 System Disabled Screen

To restart the Review Scope Manual+, press the **Restart** button. The application quits and restarts. (The computer stays powered on.) The splash screen will display while the system goes through the power on self test. The system is ready for use when the main screen displays and the **Admin Options** and **Login** buttons are active again.

If an error persists, or if the instrument cannot successfully reboot, contact Technical Support.

If you wish to turn the instrument off, rather than restart, press the **Shut Down** button and allow the system to quit the application and shut down the computer. Do not interfere with the instrument while this happens. After the computer has shut down, turn off the power switch on the microscope. The error should be cleared when the system next boots up. If it persists or the instrument cannot successfully boot up, contact Technical Support.

The **Service** button is available for Hologic service personnel to access the service mode, if a field service call is necessary.

Error Number	Display Message	Error Type	Action
6907	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6910	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6911	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6913	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.

Error Number	Display Message	Error Type	Action
6914	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6930	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6933	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6936	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
6951	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
7102	Slide record has out of range data	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
7150	Failed to write review	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
7182	Invalid preference setting using default	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
7418	Version ID failed	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart. Contact Technical Support.
7423	Protocol not supported by Server	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart. Contact Technical Support.
8010	Database connection fail	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument.
11200	The Imager cannot continue until the 10X objective is in place	Operator	Change to 10X objective, press OK button, and continue.
11300	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11301	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11302	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11303	Calibration Error	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11304	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11305	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11306	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11307	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11308	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11309	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.

Error Number	Display Message	Error Type	Action
11310	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11312	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
11400	Slide ID mismatch when completing review	Recoverable	Press OK. See if the slide moved during review, check for obstruction to the slide ID reader.
11402	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Check slide cleanliness and quality, attempt to reimage slide.
11403	Slide cannot be processed	Recoverable	Press OK. Check slide cleanliness and quality, attempt to reimage slide.
11404	This slide was not imaged	Recoverable	Press OK. Send the slide for imaging or continue with a manual review.
11405	This slide failed to image	Recoverable	Press OK. Continue with a manual review.
11500	Image camera device error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11501	Label reader device error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11502	Controller device error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11503	Stage device error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11504	Image camera device error	Recoverable	Press OK. Continue with a manual review.
11600	Image camera connection error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11601	Label reader connection error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11602	Controller connection error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
11603	Stage connection error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
12100	Auto Scan thread startup error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
12200	Database error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
12201	Invalid database argument	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
12202	Invalid database operation	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
12203	Database null reference	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
12500	Slide record has invalid data	Recoverable	Press OK. Slide can only be manually reviewed.
12501	Slide record has invalid data	Recoverable	Press OK. Slide can only be manually reviewed.

Error Number	Display Message	Error Type	Action
14000	Server error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14001	Server data error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14002	Server response not recognized	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14003	Server communication error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14004	Network initialization failed	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14005	Failed to update operator preferences	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14006	Failed to update error log	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14007	Error preparing message to send server	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
14008	Server communication error	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
15000	Error reading slide ID	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
15300	Slide cannot be imaged	Recoverable	Press OK. Attempt slide review.
16300	Error opening an application file	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
16500	An application error has occurred	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.
16600	An application data error has occurred	Non-recoverable	Press OK. Restart or shut down instrument and restart.

7. Service Information

7. Service Information



Chapter Seven

Service Information

Corporate Address

Hologic, Inc. 250 Campus Drive Marlborough, MA 01752 USA

Business Hours

Hologic's business hours are 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. EST Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Customer Service

Product orders, which include standing orders, are placed through Customer Service by phone during business hours at 1-800-442-9892 Option 5 or 508-263-2900.

Orders can also be faxed to the attention of Customer Service at 508-229-2795.

Warranty

A copy of Hologic's limited warranty and other terms and conditions of sale may be obtained by contacting Customer Service at the numbers listed above.

Technical Support

For questions about ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ issues and related application issues, representatives from Technical Support are available by phone 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. EST Monday through Friday at 1-800-442-9892 Option 6 or 508- 263-2900.

Service contracts can also be ordered through Technical Support.

Protocol for Returned Goods

For returns on warranty-covered ThinPrep Review Scope Manual+ accessory and consumable items, contact Technical Support.



This page intentionally left blank.

8. Ordering Information

8. Ordering Information



Chapter Eight

Ordering Information

Mailing Address

Hologic, Inc. 250 Campus Drive Marlborough, MA 01752 USA

Remittance Address

Hologic, Inc. PO Box 3009 Boston, MA 02241-3009 USA

Business Hours

Hologic's business hours are 8:30 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. EST Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Customer Service

Product orders, which include standing orders, are placed through Customer Service by phone during business hours at 1-800-442-9892 Option 5 or 508-263-2900.

Orders can also be faxed to the attention of Customer Service at 508-229-2795.

Warranty

A copy of Hologic's limited warranty and other terms and conditions of sale may be obtained by contacting Customer Service at the numbers listed above.

Protocol for Returned Goods

For returns on warranty-covered ThinPrep[®] Review Scope Manual+ accessory and consumable items, contact Technical Support.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Table 8.1: Reordering Supply Items for the Review Scope Manual+

Item	Description	Quantity	Part Number
Extension cable set	10-ft. extension cable for PC connec- tion	ea.	53033-001
Eyepiece, 10X, 24 mm	Replacement eyepiece (should be used in pairs)	ea.	51815-001
Objective, 4X	Replacement 4X objective	ea.	52462-001
Objective, 10X	Replacement 10X objective	ea.	52463-001
Objective, 40X	Replacement 40X objective	ea.	51200-001
Dust Cover	Microscope dust cover	ea.	06210-001
Review Scope Manual+ Operator's Manual	Additional operator's manual	ea.	MAN-03695- 001

Table 8.2: Optional Accessories

Item	Description	Part Number
Telescoping Head*	Telescoping binocular tube	52029-001
Riser**	Olympus (30 mm)	0EM-00585
Riser	Hologic (10 mm)	ASY-03268
Objective, 20X	Optional 20X objective	ASY-03287

* If the telescoping head is installed, it must be configured with **ONE** 10-mm Hologic riser (ASY-03268).

The telescoping head must not be used with the Olympus riser.

** The standard tilting binocular head is limited to accommodating only **ONE** Olympus riser.

Index

Index



Index

10X objective1.6,8.210X objective position sensor1.640X objective1.6,8.24X objective1.6,8.2

A

Accessories 8.2 administrative options 3.4 Auto Locate 4.10 Auto Locate speed 3.17 Auto Review 4.1 1.3, Auto Scan 4.14 Auto Scan direction 3.11 Auto Scan overlap 3.11 Auto Scan preference settings 3.11 Auto Scan type 3.11 automatic start/stop Auto Scan 3.13

B

beep volume 3.19

C

cellularity check 4.13 collector 1.6, 5.2 component overview 1.6 2.5 computer condenser 1.6, 5.2 confirm slide ID 6.3 controller 2.4 Customer Service 7.1, 8.1



D

default preferences 3.21 dimensions 1.7 dust cover 8.2

E

Entering Slide IDs 3.5 Entering the slide ID 3.5 error messages 6.5 extended shutdown 2.11 eyepieces 1.6, 2.5, 8.2

F

fiducial mark 1.8 field of view 1.4, 4.10 focus knobs 1.6 fuses 1.9

H

hazards 1.11 head telescoping 2.5 trinocular 2.5 humidity range 1.8

Ι

Imaging process 1.4 Installation 2.1



K

Koehler alignment 5.2

L

labels, location on instrument1.13light intensity adjustment knob1.6login3.9

\boldsymbol{M}

main menu 3.10 manual entry of a slide ID 6.2 Manual Review 4.1 Manual+ Auto Scan 3.16 1.3 mark Mark function 4.6 mark indicator 3.20, 4.11 materials required 4.4 microscope 2.5 microscope slide 1.8

N

Next function 4.6 non-recoverable errors 6.4 normal shutdown 2.10 nosepiece 1.3



0

object of interest 1.4 objective 1.3 objectives, 4X, 10X, 40X 1.6, 2.5, 8.2 Operator's Manual 8.2 Optical character recognition (OCR) 1.2 ordering information 8.1

P

position sensor, 10X objective 1.6 2.1 power 1.9, 1.9 power cable power on self test (POST) 1.10 power switch 2.8 computer 1.6, microscope 1.6, 2.8 Previous function 4.6

R

read slide ID 4.8 recoverable errors 6.4 reset preferences to default 3.21 restart the Review Scope Manual+ 6.5 review control 1.6, 4.5 review control, adjust 2.7 review marks 4.13



S

safety standards 1.9 screwdriver (on board) 1.6, 2.7 Semiautomatic start/stop Auto Scan 3.14 shutdown 2.10 slide data record 4.2 slide ID mismatch 6.3 slide review 4.1, 4.7 slide review process 4.3 Slide Search 3.5 sound 3.19 Specimen Adequacy 4.13 specimen handling 1.5 1.5 specimen preparation stage axis knob tension 2.7 Stage Control 2.7 stage, microscope, motorized 1.6 subsequent review 1.3, 4.1 system disabled screen 6.5 system software version 2.9

T

Technical Support7.1temperature range1.8touch screen2.6,4.4Troubleshooting6.1

U

User Interface 3.1 user preferences 3.11



\boldsymbol{V}

voltage 1.9 volume (sound) 3.19

W

Warnings 1.11 weight 1.8, 2.2







Hologic, Inc. 250 Campus Drive Marlborough, MA 01752 USA 1-800-442-9892 1-508-263-2900 www.hologic.com

644

MAN-03695-001 Rev. 002

Auto Scan modes - used when performing a full slide review

Automatic start/stop



The stage moves automatically in discrete, overlapping fields of view. The degree of overlap from row to row and the speed of stage movement are useradjustable. The user may pause and resume stage motion.



Semiautomatic start/stop



The user prompts the stage to advance to the next field of view. The degree of overlap from row to row and the speed of stage movement are useradjustable.

1=	5lide 10 00000004358	12/10/08
	# Marks 3	

Manual+



The user manually moves the stage within each row using the stage control knob. The degree of overlap from row to row is user-adjustable. The stage moves automatically between rows. No speed setting is necessary.



Hologic, Inc. • 250 Campus Drive • Marlborough, MA 01752 USA • 1-800-442-9892 • 1-508-263-2900 • www.hologic.com

ECREP Hologic Ltd. • Heron House, Oaks Business Park • Crewe Road, Wythenshawe • Manchester, M23 9HZ, UK • Tel: +44 (0)161 946 2206



AW-10403-001 Rev. 002

ThinPrep® Review Scope Manual+ Quick Reference Guide

Review Scope Manual+ Components



Review Scope Manual+ may differ from the microscope frame style shown here. Refer to the operator's manual.

Review Controls





Review Control with Scroll Wheel

Touch Screen (example)

